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From Now Until July 1, Not Later

HERE is no more useful garden material than what is known as Dutch Bulbs — Hyacinths, Tulips, Narcissi, Crocuses, etc. They give, for a small outlay of time and money, an abundance of flowers in the house from December until April, and in the garden from almost before the snow is off the ground in the spring until the middle of May. These bulbs are grown almost exclusively in Holland, and in enormous quantities, where they are sold at very low prices. Usually they pass through the hands of two dealers, and more than double in price before reaching the retail buyer in America.

By ordering from us now, instead of waiting to buy from the local dealer in the fall, you save from 20 to 40 per cent in cost, get a superior quality of bulbs not to be obtained at any price in this country, and have a much larger list of varieties to select from. Our orders are selected and packed in Holland, and are delivered to our customers in the original packages immediately upon their arrival from Holland, perfectly

fresh and in the best possible condition.

If you wish to take advantage of our very low prices, we must have your order not later than July 1st, as we import bulbs to order only. They need not be paid for until after delivery, but, if you have had no account with us, please send reference with your order. Attention is directed to the extremely low prices quoted for fine named Narcissi. These prices will permit of their being used in quantities for bedding or naturalizing. The prices quoted on the following pages are very low, but if you wish to buy a large lot of bulbs, fifty dollars' worth, or more, send us your list for estimate, and we may able to make still lower prices.

NO IMPORT ORDERS FOR LESS THAN \$2 CAN BE ACCEPTED

ELLIOTT NURSERY COMPANY

J. WILKINSON ELLIOTT, President

NURSERYMEN HORTICULTURAL BUYERS' AGENTS

Magee Bldg., 336 Fourth Ave., PITTSBURG, PA.

Terms of Payment, Etc.

PLEASE READ BEFORE ORDERING

HYACINTHS, TULIPS, CROCUSES, Etc.—The prices quoted in this list on all Dutch Bulbs, Bermuda Lilies and Roman Hyacinths are for advance orders, which must reach us not later than July 1, 1910. To make these very low prices, which are, in many instances, lower than American Wholesale Prices, we must have our orders in advance, as we cannot take any risk of having stock remain unsold on our hands. The bulbs will be delivered at the proper season, and need not be paid for until after delivery. Prices quoted include duty and all charges except freight or expressage from Pittsburg.

TIME OF DELIVERY.—Bermuda Lilies arrive in August; Roman Hyacinths, Freesias, Candidum Lilies, the latter part of August or early in September; Dutch Bulbs, Hyacinths, Tulips, etc., about October 1 to 10. In ordering, please state whether you wish bulbs shipped as they arrive, or all in one shipment, about October 1 to 10. Dutch Bulbs may be sent safely by freight, but we advise shipping bulbs or plants that arrive in November by express. In absence of instructions we will send all bulbs in one shipment, except Japanese Lilies and Lily-of-the-Valley, which will be shipped upon arrival, in October and November. Some dealers make a point of offering Dutch Bulbs for sale very early in the fall, which often necessitates the shipping of bulbs from Holland before they are properly ripened—a frequent cause of failure to bloom. We do not usually try to deliver Dutch Bulbs before October 1, which is quite early enough.

SHIPPING INSTRUCTIONS.—Please send full shipping instructions. State whether goods are to be shipped by freight or express, and by what route. In the absence of instructions, we will ship by whatever method and route we think best.

TERMS OF PAYMENT.—Our terms of payment are invariably cash on delivery, which does not mean that we ship C. O. D., as we will not do so under any circumstances. We deliver the goods and mail bills at the same time, and expect payment within a few days. People unknown to us will please send references with their orders. Those who wish to send cash in advance with their orders will be allowed a discount of five per cent from the prices quoted on this list on all orders received before July 1, 1910.

GUARANTEES.—We guarantee all trees, shrubs, plants and bulbs furnished by us to be first-class, true to name and delivered in good condition when shipped by express. Stock is shipped by freight at purchaser's risk, and customers must make claim on railroad companies for any loss caused by delay.

We do not guarantee stock to grow, or results in any way. No complaint will be entertained that is not made immediately upon receipt of stock.

There are so many causes for failure over which we have no control that we can assume no responsibility after stock is delivered in good order. Poor soil, unfavorable weather, ignorant or careless culture, all contribute to failure, and all are beyond our control.

EARLY ORDERS.—The earlier orders are given, the better we can have them filled. Some of our customers are now giving us orders to be delivered next spring. Our representative usually sails for Europe early in July, and personally selects the stock for all import orders received by July 1.

CLUB ORDERS.—No smaller quantities will be supplied than those quoted in the list, except that six bulbs will be furnished at dozen price, fifty at hundred price and five hundred at thousand price; but it is suggested, where these quantities are too large, that two or three friends or neighbors could combine their orders with advantage, and save transportation charges.

PLEASE NOTICE the date of delivery and the limit of time for receiving orders for the different classes of stock. Often orders are sent us too late in the season to be filled.

EXPERIMENTAL GROUNDS.—For our own information and for the benefit of our customers, we have established experimental grounds where all promising novelties are tested. We also grow all varieties of trees, shrubs and hardy plants generally in the trade, so that we can have full information as to their respective merits.

UNITED STATES AND AMERICAN EXPRESS SHIPMENTS.—Our Pittsburg shipping is all done from Cheswick, a local station which is an exclusive Adams Express office. We can not ship direct by any other company, but we can ship by Adams Express, care of American, United States, Wells-Fargo, or Pacific Company from Pittsburg.



Complaints

We have received ten complaints from customers that we furnished bulbs last fall. As this is less than one for each thousand orders filled we suppose we shouldn't worry about it, but we do, for the reason that with one exception none of these complaints were justified. One lady writes, in December, that her Dutch Hyacinths won't bloom and are a failure. Of course Dutch Hyacinths won't bloom in December, and we distinctly say so in our catalogue and in the printed cultural directions that are sent out with each shipment of bulbs. Another lady says that Hyacinths brought into bloom in March were quite unsatisfactory. Referring to her order, we found she had ordered one hundred of the cheapest mixed Hyacinths for outdoor planting, and we are emphatic as can be in our catalogue that these are not fit for pot-culture. We try to make it perfectly clear what bulbs are suitable for forcing and when they can be forced, but in spite of this some people try to do all sorts of impossible things and then blame their failures on the quality of the bulbs furnished.

The complaint that hurts worst of all is that our claim that we make a considerable saving in cost for our customers is not true; and a few have written to say that they could buy bulbs from other dealers at about the same price as ours, and then quoted the names of two or three dealers who are notorious for buying the cheapest grade of bulbs in Holland. We have never claimed that we could sell bulbs of superlative quality for less than any dealer could sell any quality. What we do claim is that we sell the highest grade of bulbs for less than they can be obtained elsewhere. When we say bulbs of the highest grade we do not include bulbs in mixtures. The highest grade bulbs are never sold in mixtures. The comparison of catalogue prices is no test; but the comparison of bulbs and results are the real tests, and the tests we are anxious to have people make. A great many people must make these tests—it is the only explanation of our greatly increasing bulb-business and of the same people buying our bulbs year after year.

We try to be very explicit in our terms published on opposite page. Notice that the only guarantee we give is quality and trueness of names. We don't guarantee results,—and just consider for a moment what such a guarantee means. It means the guaranteeing of all kinds of gardening, all kinds of climates, all kinds of soils and all kinds of weather. But the great majority of our customers do get results and our business grows apace.

Our order-fillers are not quite infallible and make mistakes occasionally. We are only too happy to rectify these when notified.

Keep a Copy of Your Order

It is a very good plan to copy your order into this catalogue and then carefully save the catalogue. Lots of people forget what they order and many write to ask why their orders have not been delivered long before the bulbs have arrived from Europe or Japan. Our catalogues give the approximate time of delivery of all bulbs. Reference to catalogue would often save unnecessary correspondence and unnecessary correspondence

is very trying during our delivery season, when our forces are working day and night. Remember that the nurseryman has to make delivery for his entire year's business in about four months, and that is no easy task.

Bulb Tests

We make annual tests of the bulbs we import both outdoors and in the greenhouse. We also test the bulbs of other importers; and when we say that our bulbs are very superior we know exactly what we are talking about. The grading of bulbs in Holland is not sufficiently understood in this country. Dutch growers offer named Hyacinths in four sizes, and their second size is usually sold for first size in this country. Our first-sized Hyacinths are the largest and best obtainable, and our customers carry off the first prizes at the exhibitions with them. The same is true of Narcissi. Our Emperor and Empress Narcissi bulbs are more than twice the size of those usually sold, and produce a splendid crop of immense, perfect blooms.

Bulb Novelties

From the immense list of new varieties of bulbs offered in Holland and England, we have selected the following as being sufficiently tested to establish their merit. Many new varieties of Narcissi are offered in England at prices ranging from ten to two hundred and fifty dollars each. We do not believe there is any demand for such high-priced bulbs outside of England. The varieties offered below are sufficiently high-priced, and if you do not wish to pay such prices you are consoled by the fact they will get much cheaper in the future and that such splendid things as Empress and Emperor Narcissi were once high-priced Novelties.

SINGLE EARLY TO		3		
BLUSHING BRIDE. Very bright pink of striking beauty and perfect shape; early	Each	Per doz.	100	CRISTAT.
forcer	10	\$1_00	\$7 00	frilled
Brilliant, but much larger; splendid forcer. BUTTERCUP. Earliest of all the yellows;	25	2 50		DUKE OF
large perfect cup-shaped flowers; dark yellow	10	1 00	7 00	KING AL:
JENNY. Beautiful velvety carmine-rose; very early	08	85	6 50	most l
LA REINE MAXIMUS. Same as La Reine but twice the size; valuable novelty	10	1 00	7 00	trumpe
PRESIDENT TAFT. The improved pink Joost van Vondel; clear bright pink; a flower of great beauty that keeps unusually well.	30	3 00	20 00	periantl ped flo
ROOS VAN DEKEMA. Most beautiful dark				TRIUMPI deep ye
pink, enormous flower; dwarf	75	75	4 75	flower; yellow
DOUBLE EARLY TU	LI	PS		
GOLDEN KING. Pure yellow; a very valuable novelty; very beautiful	25	2 40	18 00	ADMIRAI
PEACH BLOSSOM. Grand novelty; the most beautiful double dark pink tulip in existence	50			DR. SCH.
SCHOONOORD. A snow-white sport of Murillo; the best double white	18	1 75	14 00	ELECTRA Very fo
COTTAGE, or MAY-FLOWER	RIN		LIPS	spike
DORRIS. Rose, flushed silvery gray\$6	lach) 08	Per doz. \$0-85	100 \$6 00	last ded
ELLEN WILMOTT. Outside light yellow; inside dark yellow; large flower and very attractive variety	15	1 60	12 00	QUEEN Of the I
EMERALD GEM. Coral-red, with dark green center	15	1 50	10 00	novelty WHITE
GOLD DUST. Yellow, tinged red; beautiful long egg-shaped flower	30	3 00	20 00	Derby; sidered
HENRY HUDSON. Bright orange-scarlet; producing from 3 to 5 flowers to a bulb. A very taking novelty	12	1 25	8 50	
JOHN RUSKIN. Pink, bordered golden; very rare combination of colors; very dis-	10	2.00	15 00	This is
ORANGE KING. Beautiful bright orange;	18	2 00	15 00	is deservi of the eas
very large flower THE LIZARD. Purple and yellow; queerly	15	1 50	10 00	or more in of wavy:
flamed and feathered; a very odd variety	06	65	4 50	perfectly

SINGLE EARLY TULIPS

NARCISSI		
CRISTATA (Incomparabilis). Petals light	Per doz.	. 100
yellow; cup yellow, but very peculiarly frilled	5 \$2 40	\$18 00
CORNELIA (Ajax). The improved Emperor. 55		
DUKE OF BEDFORD (Ajax). The largest bicolor in existence)	
KING ALFRED (Ajax). A large and remarkably elegant golden yellow trumpet 2 00)	
MONARCH (Ajax). One of the largest and most beautiful of the golden yellow trumpets	5 13 00	
QUEEN SOPHIE (Incomparabilis). Sulphur perianth; large frilled orange-searlet cupped flowers	5 2 75	20 00
TRIUMPH (Poetaz). Pure white perianth; deep yellow cup; the largest of its class 12	2 1 20	8 50
VAN WAVEREN'S GIANT (Ajax). A gigantic flower; primrose perianth; bright orange-yellow trumpet; the largest of all10 00)	
HYACINTHS		
ADMIRAL COURBET. Enormous large truss; bright sky-blue; fine for early forcing 16	5 1 70	12 00
DR. SCHAEPMAN. Bright, dark pink; semi-double bells; a splendid flower 32	2 3 60	27 00
ELECTRA. Porcelain-blue, enormous flower. Very fine	2 25	17 00
GENERAL VETTER. Blush-white; enormous spike	2 25	15 00
LA VICTOIRE. The greatest novelty of the last decade; brilliant red; immense splendidly shaped truss	4 50	32 00
QUEEN OF THE PINKS. Sport of King of of the Blues; brilliant delicate pink; a great novelty	9 00	
WHITE LADY. Sport of the blue Lord Derby; pure white; compact spike; considered by many the best white 40) 4 25	
THE PLUMED HYACIN	TH	
(Muscari plumosum)		
This is not a new variety, but it is rarely seen in	this cour	ntry and

This is not a new variety, but it is rarely seen in this country and is deserving of the widest culture. It is unique in form and coloring, of the easiest culture and splendid for naturalizing. It grows a foot or more in height, and its beautiful mauve flowers cut into clusters of wavy filaments bear some resemblance to purple feathers. It is perfectly hardy. 20 cts. per doz., \$1.25 per 100, \$9 per 1,000.



Bellis perennis naturalized on the bank of a pond

*Flowers by the Ten Thousand

The Easiest, Least Expensive and Most Artistic Way of Growing Myriads of Flowers

By J. WILKINSON ELLIOTT

HE most inspiring floricultural idea of the last quarter of a century is the naturalizing of flowers by the thousand in situations where they need absolutely no care after planting. It is the easiest kind of gardening, for there is no weeding, watering, hoeing, staking or tying. It is the most artistic form of gardening, because the flowers fit perfectly into the landscape. It is the most effective kind of gardening, because nothing can surpass in beauty a continuous sheet of flowers all of the same variety. (No matter how numerous they may be, these wildings never seem gaudy or vulgar.) And, finally, it is the least expensive way of getting hosts of flowers—flowers like the stars of the Milky Way in multitude. A thousand narcissus bulbs! The thought takes one's breath away; yet a thousand bulbs of the poet's narcissus cost only five dollars,—a mere nothing compared with the vision of loyeliness which it makes possible. And the first cost is the only cost. Compare the frontispiece of this magazine with the pretentious "Italian" gardens of today, which cost a fortune to maintain and never fit into an American landscape. Which style do you prefer? The accompanying illustrations must be a revelation, even to the initiated, of the wonderful pictures that have already been created in America, by the wholesale naturalization of flowers in woods and meadows.

Small city places do not offer many opportunities for naturalizing, but some of the spring flowers can be used in this way on the smallest lots. Snowdrops and Scilla Sibirica can be planted in the grass of the most closely shaven lawn; they are so dwarf and bloom so early that the bulbs ripen perfectly and will continue to bloom year after year. This is not true of crocuses, which are frequently planted on lawns. If the grass is mown, the crocuses must be replanted at least every two years.

When small bulbs are planted on lawns, care must be taken to arrange them in natural-looking groups. Often I see crocuses scattered over the entire surface of a lawn a foot or two apart; the effect is extremely bad. In naturalizing bulbs or hardy plants, each variety should be held together in irregular-shaped groups, which should be closely planted in the center and more thinly as the margin is approached (see bluet picture). It is a good plan to scatter the bulbs over the surface of the ground before planting any of them. I stand in the center of the proposed group, dropping some of the bulbs at my feet and throwing others out in every direction, planting them where they fall. Circular groups should be avoided. They may be made of almost any irregular shape but always longer than they are broad. The arrangement largely depends upon the situation; a bay or recess in the shrubbery may be thickly and entirely filled with one variety of bulbs, a sloping bank may be a mass of narcissi or tulips, or an orchard in which the grass is not mown until after July first will afford opportunities for many groups and a succession of bloom for two months or more.

The great advantage of using flowering bulbs in this way is that the plantings are permanent and need never be renewed but increase in size and beauty year after year, which is much more satisfactory than the present annual waste of millions of bulbs used for inartistic beds on the lawn. These bulbs are all destroyed, as they must be removed before they are ripened, in order to plant the undesirable bedding plants which follow them. It must be remembered that the foliage of bulbs must not be cut off before it has ripened, but this does not prevent them from being planted in orchards and meadows, as the foliage is ripened by the time the grass is ready to cut for hay

The only tool we use in planting bulbs is a good, strong garden trowel, with which a hole is dug for each bulb. We cover spring-

^{*}From Country Life in America. Copyrighted, 1904, by Doubleday, Page & Co.

flowering bulbs on an average with about an inch and a half of soil, and lilies are planted about six inches deep. Years ago, when I used to plant bulbs myself and found that the trowel-handle soon blistered my hands, I used a tool for planting bulbs. It was made by taking a piece of brass or wrought-iron pipe two feet long and an inch and a half or two inches in diameter. One end of this was ground to a sharp cutting edge; on the other end was placed a fitting, which, I believe, is called a "cross"; in two openings of this cross were placed short pieces of pipe for handles; in the pipe was placed a round piece of wood, a little smaller than the pipe and a few inches longer, and a nail was driven in one end of this to keep it from falling out. This tool was used by pressing the sharpened end of the pipe into the ground the depth desired to plant the bulb; it was then removed and carried with it a piece of sod with the soil; the bulb was then dropped into the hole, the tool placed on top of it and the soil pressed back into the hole by pushing the round stick. In moist ground (and I always wait until we get sufficient rain to make it moist before planting), bulbs can be planted very rapidly. If my memory serves me, I used to plant three or four thousand a day with it. The tool cannot be used in rough, hard ground. It is extremely satisfactory for planting bulbs on the lawn, as it leaves no mark whatever in smooth sod.

Of the great variety of spring-flowering bulbs, the daffodils or narcissi are the most desirable and beautiful; their beautiful forms and coloring and graceful habit leave nothing to be desired, as they are easily grown and as much at home in the grass as dandelions. Of course the delicate, high-priced sorts must not be used, but there is no lack of cheap sorts that are entirely satisfactory. The poet's narcissus can be bought for less than five dollars per thousand. They are charming flowers, blooming in May after almost all other bulbous flowers are gone, but sometimes they will not bloom



Trumpet Narcissus naturalized in a meadow near Pittsburg

at all. A few years ago my brother planted ten thousand for cut-flowers and hardly got a dozen flowers a year. After a few years he was disgusted and plowed them under. Much to his surprise, they bloomed profusely the following spring. My explanation is



Snowdrops clustering around a tree trunk

this: Narcissus poeticus bulbs do not like a wet soil, and the plowing of the ground during the summer gave the soil a chance to dry out and the bulbs to ripen. Narcissus poeticus will not bloom on my ground, which is also wet; neither will Narcissus alba plena odorata, but both do well on dry ground and are excellent for steep stony banks or for the open woods where the ground is dry. Narcissus poeticus ornatus, the early variety of the poet's narcissus, increases rapidly and blooms profusely every spring on my ground, which is excessively wet in some places. So do Emperor and Empress, Barri conspicuus, Golden Spur, Princeps, Figaro, Alba Stella, Cy-Sir Watkin, nosure, Orange Phœnix and Biflorus, all of which are desirable and not too expensive to use in quantity for naturalizing. On my own grounds 1 have used some twenty

thousand or more of these kinds, and the daffodil season, which is also the magnolia season, is the

most delightful in our calendar.

Some claim that tulips are not suitable for naturalizing, and I will admit that the striped and variegated sorts are not at home in any natural planting: but the self-colored sorts are entirely fit, and what can be finer than those glorious late tulips, Gesneriana and Bouton d'Or, blooming in the tall grass. But they will not do any good in wet ground. I have planted thousands, and they disappear entirely after the second year. On the contrary, twenty years ago I knew a florist who planted on a stony hillside thousands of exhausted tulip bulbs which he had forced for cut-flowers. That he would get results from such stock I thought was extremely doubtful, and told him so. He replied that it was waste land and waste bulbs, and he could afford to take the chance. After a year or two the tulips commenced to bloom freely and are still blooming every spring among the grass and weeds, which have vainly striven to choke them out.

The snowdrops are perhaps the most delightful of all bulbs for naturalizing, on account of their blooming in March before there is a sign of life in wood, field or garden. They can be planted on the lawn, but the most effective way of using them is to plant thickly around the trunks of trees in open woods. As the lovely white flowers are very small, the bulbs must be planted thickly and by the thou-

sand, to be effective.

Equally charming is the exquisite blue Scilla Sibirica, which blooms a little later: it also requires close planting. Scillas are all good, especially the varieties of S. campanulata, which produce rather large spikes of blue, white or pink flowers and are among the latest of the spring-flowering bulbs to bloom. Equal in daintiness are the grape hyacinths and the various kinds of chionodoxa. No one will regret planting good sized-masses of *Chionodoxa* Lucilia, which covers the ground early in the spring with a carpet of exquisite blue and white bloom.

When it comes to hardy herbaceous plants, both native and exotic, suitable for naturalizing, the list is almost endless. I must be content to tell of a few things that I have found especially effective. First in usefulness, perhaps, are our native phloxes. Phlox divaricata, known as wild sweet william, grows in great abundance over a large section of this country. It is easy to collect and transplant, and its graceful habit and sweet-scented

Narcissus Poeticus is a good kind for naturalizing light purple flowers make it very attractive; it will thrive in either sun or shade. *Phlox Carolina*, a rare species from the South, is identical with *P. divaricata*, in foliage and habit but with the bluest flowers of any phlox. *P. reptans* is a very dwarf variety with pinkish flowers, and both it and *P. Carolina* will grow well in either sun or shade. Millions of geraniums are planted annually, yet with different varieties of *P. subulata*, or moss pink, color effects can be produced not to be equaled in any way by the most lavish use of geraniums. Yet the first cost of the phlox is much less than that of geraniums, and its first cost is its only cost, as nothing increases more rapidly and nothing is hardier. The Germans describe it as "winter-hart", that is, hardy in winter, and it is absolutely so in every situation. It can be used advantageously in more ways than any other plant I know of, but is seen at its best when used to cover a steep, rocky bank. It is evergreen and its foliage covers the ground as completely as the grass of a lawn, and when it is in bloom in May it is a solid sheet of pink or white bloom, which lasts for a month. It blooms again in September, but not so freely. The colors are light to deep pink, purplish pink, pure white and white with pink center, and I have had recently a blue variety from England which promises to be valuable. Among the most beautiful scenes in England are the meadows and orchards filled with the common yellow primroses, Primula

vulgaris, in the spring. This charming flower is equally hardy in this country, and so are the Japanese primroses, P. Japonica and P. Sieboldi, ranging from pure white to deep purple. The polyanthus section, P. veris, are among the earliest of spring flowers. Our bright and cheerful native Columbine, Aquilegia Canadensis, has been naturalized over a large section of our country, and is well worth consideration in any scheme of natural gardening. It is quite happy in sun or partial shade.

The same is true of Aquilegia cœrulea, A. chrysantha, A. glandulosa and of any of the wild varieties.



Butterfly-weed. Orange or yellow day-lilies. Sweet rocket. New England aster, rosy variety. Aster Tataricus. Maximilianus. $A\,nemone\,\,Pennsylvanica.$

Japanese anemones, white. Lamarck's evening primrose. English daisy. Doronicum plantagineum, var. Iris Pseudacorus. Iris versicolor. Iris Sibirica, var. sanguinea.

Cardinal flower. Lythrum roseum. Marshmallow. Joe-pye-weed. Giant knotweed. Forget-me-not. Lungwort, or Mertensia. Goat's beard (Spirae aruncus). Thalictrum. Wild grape. Wild clematis. Azalea. Rhododendron. Laurel (Kalmia latifolia).

Flowers for the House from Christmas

Until Easter

It is possible to have an abundant supply of flowers in the house from Christmas until Easter, and with no greater facilities than are to be had in every dwelling house, and at comparatively small cost. Both Roman and Dutch Hyacinths can be bloomed in the winter with certain and satisfactory results. Roman Hyacinths can be had in bloom by Christmas or earlier, and are the most satisfactory bulbs that can be grown for winter flowers. They come into bloom



Fern-dish of White Roman Hyacinths

six spikes to each bulb, are very low-priced, and are the easiest bulbs to bloom in the house. The white variety is the earliest, most beautiful and satisfactory one to grow. By Dutch Hyacinths are meant the large-flowered varieties, which everybody knows. The single varieties are the only ones to grow in the house, and are much more beautiful than the double sorts. Dutch Hyacinths should be treated in the same manner as Roman Hyacinths, except that the bulbs should not be brought out of the cellar before February 1. Single Early Tulips and Narcissi (Daffodils) can also be bloomed successfully in the house, if not attempted too early. They can be bloomed in March, and a splendid display of them can be readily had for Easter. They should not be brought from the cellar until March 1, ean be readily had for Easter. They should not be brought from the cellar until March 1,
The following varieties of Narcissi are the most satisfactory for blooming in the house:
Bicolor Empress, Emperor, Incomparabilis Alba Stella, Von Sion, Poeticus, Ornatus,
Barri Conspicuus, Golden Spur, Princeps, Paper White, and all varieties of Polyanthus
Narcissi. Almost every house contains
flower pots, jardinieres, etc., that might
be utilized for growing bulbs. Zinc pans or
bowls to fit inside of them can be made
by any tinner, and the choicest ware thus
used without injury.



Zinc Pan for Fern Dish

used without injury.

Collections of Bulbs Suitable for the House

Prices of Dutch and Roman Hyacinths will be found elsewhere in this list, but I shall be pleased to make up collections suitable for the house at \$2.50, \$5, \$10, \$15, \$20, and \$25 each. These collections can be relied upon to be entirely satisfactory, both as to quality and price.

by the Gorham Manufacturing Company. The bulbs are not planted directly in the fern-dish, but in a zinc pan, which is made to fit inside of the fern-dish. Extra zinc pans can be had, and when Roman Hyacinths are to be grown, from six to twelve extra pans should be used. The Roman Hyacinths should be planted in the pans in the fall, from September 1 until the last of November, at intervals of two weeks. The soil used should be ight and rich, one-third good soil, one-third sand, and one-third thoroughly rotted manure, and the bulbs planted thickly, so that they almost mature, and the builds planted thickly, so that they almost touch. As soon as planted, they should be well watered and then set away in the coolest part of the cellar, and not near the furnace or any fire heat. If the cellar is a light one, the bulbs should be covered with boxes, canvas, or any the state of the convenient to keep them dark. If the soil

anything that is convenient to keep them dark. If the soil gets dry it can be watered, but not oftener than once in two weeks. Roman Hyacinths may be brought into the light and heat about December 1, and will be in bloom in about two weeks. After bringing into the living-room they should be freely watered. By bringing a pan or more of bulbs from the cellar every ten days, a succession of flowers for the table can be had all winter and spring. A centerpiece of growing Roman or Dutch Hyacinths makes the most beautiful table decoration that can be obtained, does not cost one-fifth as much as cut-flowers, and will last in perfect beauty for ten days or more, while cut-flowers are often faded before a dinner is over. The pans for growing Roman Hyacinths can be from 3 to 5 inches deep, but pans for Dutch Hyacinths should not be less than 4 inches deep. Do not attempt to force cheap mixed Hya-

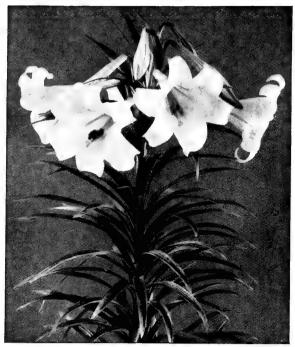
quickly, and it is almost impossible to fail with them. The most delightful way to use them is to plant a quantity in a fern-dish, jardiniere or other receptacle suitable for using for a centerpiece for the dining-table. Fern-dishes are made in a variety of styles, and cost from \$2 or \$3 up to \$25 or \$30 for heavy silver-plated ones such as are made

cinths; the results will not be satisfactory.

Roman Hyacinths have small single white, pink or blue flowers. They bloom profusely, having from four to



Roman Hyacinths in pots



Lilium Harrisii

Lilium Harrisii

(True Bermuda Easter Lilies) READY IN AUGUST

It is impossible to obtain Bermuda Lily bulbs that are entirely free from disease. We get the best bulbs obtainable, but cannot guarantee results

This Lily is now so well known that it needs no description. It is undoubtedly one of the most popular flowers ever used for forcing. The bulbs we supply are of the highest quality obtainable, and are perfectly true, and not mixed with Lilium longiflorum. It cannot be grown outdoors unless extremely well protected in winter. If a Lily of this character is desired for outdoor planting, L. longiflorum should be used. These Lilies can only be successfully grown in a greenhouse. Don't attempt to bloom them in the house.

in the house.	Per doz.	100
Bulbs 5 to 7 inches in circumference	\$1 00	\$7 00
Bulbs 7 to 9 inches in circumference	1 85	13 00
Bulbs 9 to 11 inches in circumference	. 4 00	30 00

Lilium Candidum

(READY IN SEPTEMBER AND DELIVERED AS SOON AS READY)

		doz.	100
Selected French bulbs, field-grown	.\$1	00	\$7 00
American bulbs, selected	. 1	60	11 00

Roman Hyacinths

(READY ABOUT SEPTEMBER 1)

Prices for orders booked before July 1

			100
Selected, 12 to 15 centimeters	\$0	60	\$4 00
Extra-selected, 13 to 15 centimeters		75	5 00
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		50	3 50
		50	3 50
	Extra-selected, 13 to 15 centimeters	Selected, 12 to 15 centimeters\$0	Extra-selected, 13 to 15 centimeters

Lily-of-the-Valley

Dily-of-the-valley				
	Per	100	1,00	00
Extra-selected German pips. Ready about Dece	m-			
ber 1	\$2	00	\$12	50
American pips. Ready in October	1	50	9	00

These pips are excellent for establishing plantations outdoors as well as for forcing. The German pips are not ready in time for outdoor planting in the fall.

Freesia refracta alba

This charming flower is one of the most satisfactory bulbs that can be forced. It is certain to flower either in the conservatory or the house.

	Per doz.		
Large bulbs	\$0 20	\$1 00	\$7 00
Mammoth bulbs	30	2 00	15 00

Milla uniflora

(TRITELEIA)

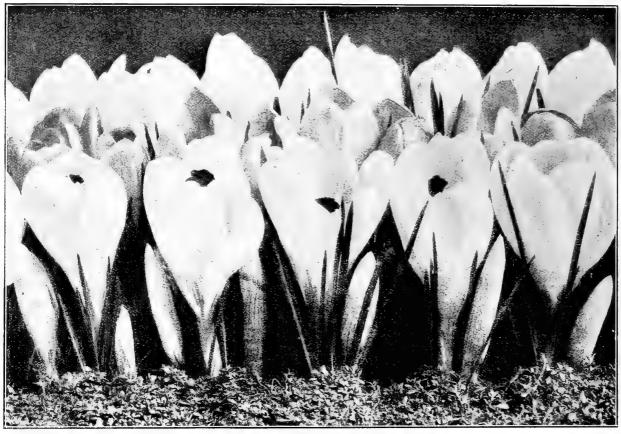
This charming spring-flowering bulb is almost unknown in this country, but I know of nothing lovelier. I first saw it in the garden of Mr. Charles A. Dana, "Dosoris," Long Island, and was delighted, as I am sure everyone will be that tries it. It likes rather a moist soil and should be planted where it can remain permanently. It can also be bloomed in the house with the same treatment as hyacinths. For this purpose several bulbs should be planted in a 6- or 7-inch pot, but care must be taken not to attempt to bloom them too early in the season. March is early enough.

Uniflora. Charming white, star-like flowers with beautiful foliage which covers the ground like a carpet. One of the choicest hardy bulbs. Should be used freely in every garden. 20 cts. per doz., 75 cts. per 100, \$5 per 1,000.

Uniflora violacea. Same as above, with violet flowers. 25 cts. per doz., \$1 per 100, \$5 per 1,000.



Freesia refracta alba



Large-flowered Crocuses

CROCUSES IN THE GRASS

There is no reason why everybody, even if the possessor of only the smallest strip of grass, should not have it filled with Crocuses, The cost is but a trifle, and once planted they are no further trouble, and bloom beautifully year after year and do not interfere with the mowing or care of the lawn; but grass should not be mown for two weeks after flowering of Crocuses, and it does not need mowing earlier than this. They should be planted in the fall and set from 1 to 2 inches below the surface of the ground; they can be planted with a narrow trowel or a stiff-bladed knife. Mowing the grass in the spring, after the Crocuses are done blooming, will not injure them in the least.

The Crocus is the first flower to bloom in the spring, and it is no unusual sight to see the ground covered with snow and the Crocus in bloom at the same time. They are entirely hardy, do not deteriorate, and may be left undisturbed for years. It is a good thing to plant tulip and hyacinth beds full of them, as they bloom and are out of the way before the other bulbs flower.

1,000

8 00

 $\frac{13}{7} \frac{50}{00}$

8 00

6 50

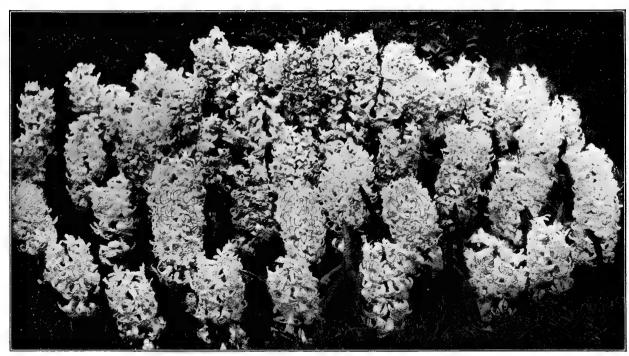
3 85

3 85

3 85 3 75

Our advice would always be to plant Named Crocuses; mixed sorts never give satisfaction

Select Named Crocus SELECT NAMED CROCUS, continued Sativus. Purple; fall flowering ... \$1 70 Scotch. White, striped; very early ... 90 Sir Walter Scott. Striped; finest ... 75 Sir John Franklin. Large: dark purple \$13 00 Prices quoted are for orders booked by July 1, 1910. Not less than 50 of a kind will be supplied \$6 50 6 25 6 25 7 50 Sir John Franklin. Large; dark purple. 80 Speciosus. Blue; fall flowering. 170 Argus. Variegated Baron von Brunow. Dark blue. Caroline Chisholm. Pure white 70 Cloth of Gold. Not desirable; golden striped brown. Cloth of Silver. First size; white; violet striped.... 5 50 6 50 Grand Lilac. Lilac; very early and very fine Grootvorst. White and violet 50 Crocuses in Separate Colors 7 00 7 00 Othello. Dark purple. King of the Blues. Dark purple King of the Whites. Large; snow white; splendid new 6 50 White. One variety Striped. One variety..... 55 Lady Stanhope. White and violet. La Majesteuse. Striped Livingstone. Lilac and white 80 7 50 6 25 7070 6 50 3d size 6 50 Lord Fielding. Striped. Mont Blanc. White; best. Mad. Mina. Light blue, striped; very early; extra fine. 6 50 00 **Mixed Crocuses** 6 50 Ne Plus Ultra. Blue, white border Prince Albert. Blue Purpurea grandiflora. Large; deep purple. White..... 7 00 6 50 Blue Striped. All Colors 7 00 6 50 Queen Victoria. White



Bed of White Hyacinths, planted with Bedding Hyacinths in Separate Colors

HYACINTHS

All prices on Hyacinths are for orders booked by July 1. Ready about October 1

Mixed Hyacinths

Mixed Hyacinths should never be used for house or greenhouse culture.

SINGLE

		Per doz. 100
Red and Dark Red	.\$0 06	\$ 0 50 \$ 3 25
Pink	. 06	50 3 50
Blush White	. 06	50 3 50
Pure White	. 06	60 4 00
Dark Blue and Purple	. 06	50 3 25
Light Blue	. 06	50 3 25
Yellow		50 3 50
All Colors, Mixed		45 3 00
, , , , , , , , , , , , ,		

DOUBLE

Double Hyacinths are so inferior to singles that they should never be used for any purpose.

	Each	Per doz.	100
Red and Pink			
White			3 50
Blue and Purple	. 06	50	$3 \ 50$
Yellow	. 06	50	$3 \ 50$
All Colors, Mixed	. 06	50	3 50

Bedding Hyacinths

Separate varieties with names. These are superior in quality to mixed Hyacinths, and very satisfactory for bedding, as uniformity in color and height can be had by their use.

SINGLE

	Per	doz.	100
Dark Red			\$4 00
Pink		60	4 00
Pure White		60	4 25
Blush White		60	4 00
Dark Blue		60	4 00
Light Blue		60	4 00
Yellow		65	4 50

Second-Sized Named Hyacinths

These second-sized Hyacinths will be found fine for forcing, and are highly recommended for those who desire extra-good bulbs for bedding. They embrace the leading named sorts of this list, are larger bulbs than those sold as mixed, and strictly true to name and color, thus giving exact shades wanted. We can offer them in the following varieties, all of which are described in the following list. We offer single varieties only, as double sorts are very inferior.

Red, Rose and Pink. Baron von Thuyll, General Pelissier, Gertrude, Gigantea, Roi des Belges, Cardinal Wiseman.

White and Blush White. Grande Blanche, Grandeur à Merveille, Mr. Plimsol, Paix de l'Europe, Baroness von Thuyll.

Dark and Light Blue. Baron von Thuyll, Blondin, Grand Maitre, King of the Blues, La Peyrouse, Marie, Regulus.

PRICES; Any or all of the above varieties, 70 cts. per doz., \$4.75 per 100, \$45 per 1,000. Fifty will be supplied at the 100 rate and 500 at the 1,000 rate. These bulbs are equal to those usually sold as first-sized in this country.

Single Small Hyacinths for Forcing

These single Hyacinths, planted on arrival from Holland, may be had in flower early in January. The bulbs and flowers of these small Hyacinths are about the same size as Roman Hyacinths, but much stronger, and the bells are larger, while they do not cost half the price of Romans. Only those varieties which produce the fine flowers and force easily are selected for this purpose. They may be planted like tulips in pots or boxes close together. Last season we sold large quantities, and our customers inform us that they are a great acquisition to succeed the Roman Hyacinths, blooming from January till April.

	Per doz.	100
Dark Red	.\$0 35	\$2 60
Pink	. 35	$2 \ 50$
Pure White	. 40	$2 \ 50$
Cream-White	. 35	$2 \ 50$
Dark Blue	. 35	$2\ 25$
Light Blue	. 35	2 25
All Colors, Mixed	. 35	2 35

Single Named Hyacinths

To secure the 100 price on Named Hyacinths, not less than 25 bulbs of a variety can be ordered

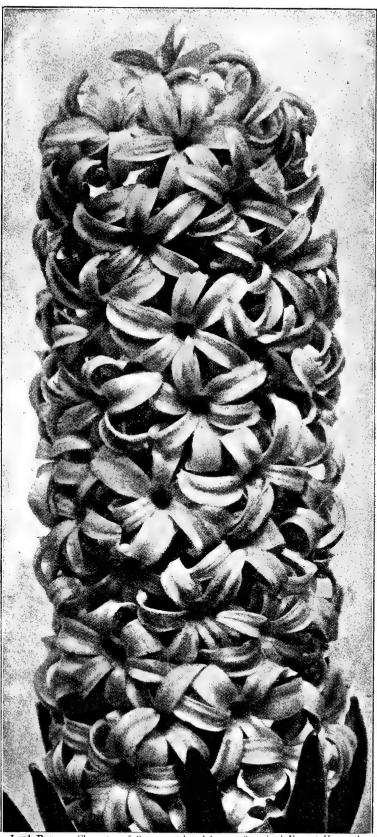
Named Hyacinths of the quality imported by us cannot be obtained in this country. They are selected exhibition bulbs and have won first prizes wherever exhibited, both in this country and in Europe. Hundreds of our customers write us that they have never seen such fine flowers as these bulbs produce. We are confident that any one who will try these Hyacinths, or any of the named bulbs offered in this Catalogue, will never again be satisfied with the inferior bulbs sold by dealers in this country. Varieties marked with an asterisk (*) are very desirable.

SINGLE DARK REI)			SINGLE DARK BLU	E		
	Each	Per doz.	100	E	lach	Per doz.	100
Cosmos. Dark rose; large spike\$6	10	\$1 00	\$7 00	Argus. Blue, white eye; extra\$6) 12	\$1 25	\$8 25
Fiance Royal. Bright rose; large truss	12	1 25	8 00	*Baron von Thuyll. Large truss	10	1 00	6 50
Garibaldi. Brilliant red; fine for early forcing.	12	1 25	8 00	*Charles Dickens. Porcelain-blue; large;			
*General Pelissier. Deep scarlet; early; extra				extra fine	13	1 50	9 50
fine	10	1 00	7 25	Johan. Light blue; extra large spike	10	1 00	7 00
*Gertrude. Red; large, fine spike	10	1 00	7 00	*King of the Blues. Splendid; finest dark blue.	10	1 00	7 00
*Incomparable. Brilliant scarlet	12	1 30	9 00	Leopold II. Fine blue; large truss; splendid			
Josephine. Brilliant scarlet, changing to				flower	11	1 10	7 50
orange	14	1 50	10 00	Marie. Rich purple and indigo; enormous			
*La Victoire. Brilliant red; one of the earliest				spike	09	90	6 00
By far the best of its color. A grand				*Menelik. Almost black; best of its color;			
Novelty	60	6 00		large truss. New	20	2 25	14 50
*Lord Macaulay. Very fine bright red; extra				Mimosa. Bluish purple;	10	1 00	7 00
large spikes. One of the best	12	1 25	8 50	Pieneman. Dark porcelain-blue; very large			
Queen Victoria Alexandra. Dark carmine	15	1 50	9 00	truss and bulb	10	1 00	7 00
*Reine des Jacinthes. Fine bright scarlet, and	10	1 00	0 00	Sir Henry Barclay. Black	16	1 75	11 50
one of the best	15	1 50	9 00	William the First. Large spike; early	12	1 25	9 00
Robert Steiger. Deep crimson	10	1 00	7 50	William the Line. Harge spine, carry		1 20	0 00
2 -	10	1 00	7 30				
*Roi des Belges. Extra fine; bright scarlet	10	1 00	7 50	SINGLE LIGHT BLU	E		
and extra large spike	10	1 00	7 50	SINGLE LIGHT BLO	E		
Veronica. Dark red	12	1 25	8 00	*Blondin. Silvery, tinged blue; fine truss	10	1 00	7 25
Von Schiller. Deep rosy carmine; large spike.	13	1 40	10 00	*Captain Boynton. Azure-blue; large spike	12	1 25	9 00
William the First. Brilliant carmine	12	1 30	8 50	*Czar Peter. Porcelain-lilac; grand spike	16	1 75	12 00
				*Enchantress. Clear light blue; one of the			
SINGLE ROSE				finest blues; extra fine spike. Exhibition			
*Baron von Thuyll. Very fine pink; extra				variety	16	1 75	12 00
large spike	10	1 10	7 00	*Grand Lilas. Azure-blue; perfect spike	12	1 25	9 00
*Cavaignac. Extra fine salmon-pink; dis-				*Grand Maitre. Very large spike	09	90	6 50
tinct and splendid color; large, full spike	15	1 65	10 50	La Peyrouse. Clear blue	09	90	6 00
Cardinal Wiseman. Soft rose, carmine-				Leonidas. Splendid large truss	11	1 25	8 00
striped; very large truss	12	1 25	9 25	Lord Byron. Azure-blue; very large spike.	16	1 50	10 50
*Charles Dickens. The best pink; extra large		1 20	0 20	*Lord Derby. One of the very finest	17	1 60	11 00
spike	13	1 40	9 50	*Lord Palmerston. Light blue, white eye	13	1 50	9 50
Etna. Brilliant pink; large bells; fine variety.	15	1 70	11 00	*Queen of the Blues. Light blue, with silvery			
	10	1 70	11 00	appearance; extra fine	12	1 40	9 50
*General de Wet (Pink Grand Maitre). Lively pink; splendid sort. New	15	1 70	11 00	*Perle Brilliant. Light blue. Very large			0 00
			7 50	spike; fine and new	16	1 75	11 00
*Gigantea. Blush; splendid truss	10	1 00	7 30	*Potgieter. Light blue	12	1 25	9 00
Grand Vainqueur. Fine pink; tall spike;	10	1 40	0.00	Regulus. Light blue, with dark stripes	09	90	6 50
early	12	1 40	9 00	negulus. Light bide, with dark stripes	00	90	0 00
*Jacques. Broad, loose spike, extra long;	10	1 50	10.00				
blush	13	1 50	10 00	SINGLE WHITE			
Kohinoor. Extra large truss; bright pink;	1.0	1 75	12.00				
one of the largest flowers; semi-double	16	1 75	13 00	Angenis Christina. Pure white	11	1 10	7 50
Lady Derby. Light pink; fine	18	1 75	12 50	*Albertine. Pure white; early; large spike;			
Le Prophete. Pink; large spike	12	1 25	8 50	extra fine	11	1 10	7 50
Lord Percy. Fine soft rose; new	23	2 40	15 00	*Arentine Arendsen. Pure white. Very early;			
Madam Hodson. Pink; carmine-srtiped	10	1 00	7 00	very attractive; new	18	2 00	13 50
*Marie Cornelia. Light pink; earliest of all	12	1 25	8 00	*Baroness von Thuyll. Early; pure white	10	1 00	7 50
Moreno. Fine pink; extra large spike; very				Blancheur a Merveille. Pure white; fine spike.	12	1 25	9 00
early; splendid sort	10	1 00	7 50	*British Queen. Pure white; new; extra fine.	16	1 75	11 50
*Nimrod. Deep rose; early and extra fine	16	1 75	11 00	Crown Princess. Pure white; fine; early	15	1 60	10 00
Norma. Satiny pink	11	1 20	8 00	*Grande Blanche. Blush white; large bells			
Ornament Rose. Fine; pink; large truss	10	1 00	7 50	and large spikes	09	90	6 00
*Rosea maxima. Early; delicate rose	10	1 00	7 50	*Grandeur a Merveille. Rosy blush	09	95	6 50
Sarah Bernhardt. Bright rosy pink, delicious				Hein Roozen. Pure white; immense truss;			
odor	12	1 30	9 00	new	35	4 00	
*Sophie Campbell. Large, compact truss.				La Franchise. Waxy white; large bells	10	1 00	7 00
Splendid pot Hyacinth. New	14	1 50	11 00	*La Grandesse. Purest white; extra fine; best			
Sultan's Favorite. Blush-pink	10	1 00	6 75	of all whites	14	1 55	10 50
Paragram Paragram Land		_ 00					

GIE		- 11	111			
SINGLE WHITE HYACINT				i	n	
La Neige. Superb; very early;	ach		doz.	\$12		
large truss\$0 Leviathan. Beautiful blush; large bells and spikes; a most distinct	10	Ф2	00	Φ12	00	
and charming variety *L'Innocence. Fine white; extra	12	1	25		50	
fine and large truss* *Mad. Vanderhoop. Pure white;	13		40		50	
splendid Mammoth. blush white	11 12	1	10 25		50 00	
Mary Stuart. Fine pure white	13	1	30	10	00	
Mina. Pure white; fine spike *Mont Blanc. Fine pure white;	11	1	10		00	
grand spike	20		00		75 50	
*Paix de l'Europe. Very fine snow-	10		00			
white; very large truss	11	1	10		00	
Pavillon Blanc. Pure white	12	1	25		00	
Queen Victoria. Pure white	14	1	50		00	
Snowball. Pure white Snow-white. Pure white; large	16	1	75	12	50	
bells	14	1	50		50	
Voltaire. Creamy white	11	1	10	7	50	
SINGLE YELLO	W					
*Ball of Gold. Golden yellow; large, compact spike	12	1	25	9	00	
low; splendid truss	15	1	50	11	00	
*Buff Beauty. Buff; or orange- yellow; large truss City of Haarlem. Pure yellow;	13	1	35	9	00	
grand spike* *Daylight. Orange-yellow; best	30	3	00	20	00	
variety of its color	13	1	50		50	
*Ida. Citron-yellow; large spike; one of the finest yellows in cul-	12	1	25	8	50	
tivation	12		30		00	
King of Holland. Orange-yellow *King of the Yellows. Fine bright	13	1	50	10	00	
yellow; grand spike	12	1	25	8	00	
low; fine spike* *MacMahon. Deep golden yellow	13		40		00	
large spike Obelisk. Splendid pure yellow;	12	1	25	9	00	
one of the best* *Yellow Hammer. Golden yellow;	13		50	10		
extra fine truss	12		25	9	00	
SINGLE VIOLET AND LILAC Each Per doz.						
Charles Dickens. Large; dark lilac; splendid\$0	12	\$1	35	\$ 9	50	
Distinction. Splendid maroon;	15	1	60	12	50	
Haydn. Brilliant dark plum	13	_	35		00	
Jeschko. Lilac, striped with violet-red* *L'Esperance. Dark purple; best	12	1	20	9	00	
of the purples	11	1	10	8	00	
with white eye	14	1	50	9	50	
*Lord Balfour. Violet	11	1	10		00	
Sir Edward Landseer. Dark violet.	14	1	40	10		
Tollens. Purple-violet	11	1	25	9	00	

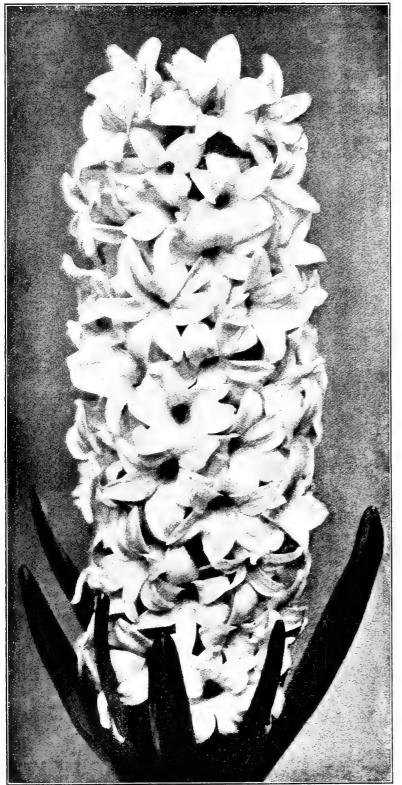
HARDY ENGLISH IVIES

We have a fine stock of pot-grown plants suitable for early fall or spring planting. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$16 per 100.



Lord Byron. Character of flower produced by our first-sized Named Hyacinths

Double Named Hyacinths Double Named Hyacinths are inferior to the Single varieties in every respect



La Grandesse. Character of flower produced by our first-sized named bulbs

DOUBLE DARK	RI	ΞD						
Bouquet Tendre. Large truss. St Noble par Merite. Splendid truss Princess Royal. Fine dark center Regina Victoria. Dark rose	10 10 13 13	Per doz. \$1 00 1 00 1 45 1 50	\$7 50 7 50 9 00 10 00					
DOUBLE RO	SE							
Bouquet Royal. Rosy salmon. Grootvorst. Fine rose, good truss. Lord Wellington. Best double	10 10	1 00 1 00	7 50 7 50					
pink Princess Alexandra. Pink semi-	14	1 50	10 50					
double	14	1 50	10 50					
DOUBLE DARK	BL	UE						
Garrick. Lilac-blue, splendid	10	1 00	7 50					
Lord Raglan. Azure-blue, dark center	12	1 25	8 00					
double	12	1 25	8 00					
DOUBLE LIGHT BLUE								
Blocksberg. Extra fine truss Charles Dickens. Light blue,	11	1 20	8 50					
extra large spike	12	1 30	9 00					
Mignon de Dryfhout, Semi- double	13	1 35	9 25					
large spike and extra-large bells	12	1 20	8 00					
DOUBLE WHITE								
Bouquet Royal. Pure white Isabella. Fine blush-white,	10	1 10	7 50					
grand spikeLa Tour d'Auvergne. Pure white	12	1 20	8 50					
large truss La Virginite. Rosy center	10 10	1 00 1 00	7 50 7 50					
La virginite. Rosy center	10	1 00	7 30					
DOUBLE YEL	LOV	V						
Bouquet d'Orange	12	1 25	9 00					
Goethe. Splendid pale yellow Victoria (Roland Hill). Pure	10	1 00	7 50					
yellow	12 13	1 25 1 50	9 00					
		_ 00						

Azalea Indica

(For Greenhouse Culture)

Buyers desiring Azaleas in quantity or large specimens should write for special prices.

PRICES			
	doz.	10	0
Strong plants, with heads 9 to 12 inches across\$6	50	\$40	00
Strong plants, with heads 10 to 12 inches across	50	47	50
Strong plants, with heads 12 to 15 inches across	00	75	00
Strong plants, with heads 18 to 24 inches across, each, \$3.50			

These prices hold good until October 1

Large specimen plants from \$3 to \$10 each and upward.

Delivery will be made early in November, as soon as importations are received.

We can supply all the best sorts. Azaleas furnished by us have given unqualified satisfaction.



Tulips in Mixture

Prices quoted are for orders booked by July 1, 1910 Special prices quoted for 10,000

Special prices quoted for 10,000		
	100	1.000
Competition Single Mixed. All we can say for this mix-		,
ture is that it is as good as some dealers sell for more		
money\$0	70	\$6 25
Fine Single Mixed. Quality superior to that generally		
sold	80	7 00
Extra Fine Single Mixed. Extra selected 1	00	9 00
Special Fine Single Mixed. Highest grade 1	40	12 00
Fine Double Mixed. Quality superior to that generally		
sold	95	8 00
Extra Fine Double Mixed. Extra selected 1 :	20	10 00
Double Late Tulips Mixed 1	00	8 50

Single Named Early Tulips

If best results are desired, Named Tulips should be used. Mixed Tulips are not recommended, although the mixtures imported by us are very superior to those usually sent out.

The letters, A B and C indicate the proportional earliness of the varieties if planted outdoors A and B may be used together for bedding purposes, but those marked C are later The numbers preceding names show the height of growth in inches. Those marked F after the name are the best for forcing in the house or greenhouse.

Prices quoted are for orders booked by July 1, 1910

В	7	Albion. The finest pure white Tulip in Pe			1,000
		cultivation\$0	30	\$2 25	\$18 00
В	7	Arms of Leyden. White and red	20	1 25	9 75
В	7	Artus. Brilliant red. F	25	1 50	12 50
$_{\mathrm{B}}$	7	Adeline. Rosy crimson; fine	40	2 75	
В	7	Belle Alliance. Scarlet; very fine. F	35	2 50	$20 \ 00$
В	6	Bride of Haarlem, Silver. Pure white.			
		feathered with bright cherry-red	60	4 00	



Double Tulip, Murillo. (Bloomed in the house.) See page 17

1P	A.	NY, PITISBURG, PA.					
		Per	doz.	1	00	1,00	10
В	6	Bride of Haariem, Golden, Golden vel-					
-		low, feathered with bright red\$0		\$5			
		Brutus. Orange-crimson	20		25	\$11	
A.	8	Canary Bird. Fine, clear yellow, F	20	1	25	11	50
		Cardinal Rampollo. Yellow, bordered					
		orange; a conspicuous and striking color. New	==	0	50	20	00
R	8	Chrysolora. Large; golden yellow; best	55	3	50	30	00
D	G	yellow for outdoors. F	20	1	15	Q	00
C	9	Couleur Cardinal. Cardinal-red; one of	20		10		00
		the best. F	30	1	75	15	00
В	8	Couleur Ponceau. White ground, with rosy					
		crimson border	20	1	25	9	50
В	6	Cottage Maid. White; edged with rose;					
		extra fine, lovely; splendid for bed-					
~		ding, F	20	1	25	10	50
C	9	Cramoisie Brillante. Bright vermilion;	20	4	~ ~	1.5	~0
ъ	7	large flower; fine for forcing	30		75		50
		Crimson King. Fine red. F	$\frac{25}{20}$		50 25		$\frac{00}{25}$
		Duc d'Orange. Yellow and orange Duc de Berlin. True. Red and yellow;	20	1	25	9	20
.73.	U	early	40	3	00		
A	6	Duc van Thol, Red and Yellow	25		50	12	00
		Duc van Thol, Scarlet. F	30		75		00
		Duc van Thol, Yellow	35		25		00
		Duc van Thol, White	25		50		00
		Duc van Thol, Crimson	20		15		50
		Duc van Thol, White Maximus. The best					
	Ť	white Tulip for very early forcing	25	1	50	12	00
		Duc van Thol Tulips are small and very					
		early. We do not consider them very satis-					
		factory, either for forcing or outdoor planting.					
В	9	Duchesse de Parma. Brownish red. vel-					
		low stripe; splendid bedder. Special					
~	_	low price. F	20	1	25	11	50
В	9	Duchess of Austria. Large; orange, red and yellow, flamed	30	1	75	12	00
			40		75		00
R	Q	Dusart. Bright scarlet; very large flower. Eleonore. Dark violet, white edged	35		50		00
		Fabiola. (Grand Duc de Russie). White	00	-	00	10	00
A.	'	deep violet-striped; very fine	35	2	25	19	00
		Flamingo. Beautiful dark pink; very					
		fine	75	4	50		
В	7	Gold Finch. Golden yellow, sweet-	0.5	4		10	00
		scented; a splendid sort. F	25	1	50	12	00
A	8	Grace Darling. A scarlet variety of exquisite beauty and gracefulness; tall	75	4	50		
В	7	Grandmaster of Malta. Red and white.	35		50	20	00
C		Hobbema (Sarah Bernhardt). Crushed					
-		strawberry; distinct and lovely	75	5	00		
В	7	Jacoba van Beyeren. (White Swan).	10	_	10		E0.
-	-	Pure white	18	1	10	8	50
В	8	Joost van Vondel. Large; cherry-red and white; splendid. F	30	1	75	15	00
P	Q	Joost van Vondel, White. Silvery white;	30	1		10	55
Ъ	O	magnificent flower; the finest	50	3	25	26	00
В	9	Keizerkroon. Red and gold; large and					
		fine. A grand Tulip. F	25		75		00
		King of Yellows. Deep golden yellow	30	1	75	13	50
В	9	La Reine (Queen Victoria). Rosy White.	20	1	30	10	50
-		One of the best. F	20 60		00	10	30
		La Remarkable. Pure violet, white edge.	18		10	0	00
		L'Immaculee. Pure white; fine. F Le Matelas. Splendid bright rose; very	10	1	10	9	00
A	0	early	60	3	50	25	00
В	8	Leonardo da Vinci. Orange; very fine. F.	35		00	16	00
		Maes. Splendid; scarlet; finest-shaped					
		flowers. Novelty	55		50	25	00
		Moliere. Violet	40	2	75		
В	7	Mon Tresor. Yellow; extra fine. Best	0.0	~	00	4.00	00
		yellow for early forcing. F	30	2	00	15	00
A	7	Nelly. Pure white, extra large flower.	25	1	25	11	00
		11CW	20	1	20	11	55

		SINGLE NAMED EARLY TULIPS,					
Α	7	Ophir d'Or. Golden yellow, extra large	doz.	1	00	1,00	0
А	•	flower. New exhibition sort\$0	25	\$1	50	\$13	00
В	8	Pink Beauty (True). Bright pink and					
		white. New and extra fine	80	5	50	45	00
\mathbf{A}	8	Pottebakker, Pure White. Best white. F.	25	1	50	13	00
A	8	Pottebakker, Yellow. F	30	1	65	15	00
\mathbf{A}	8	Pottebakker, Scarlet. Fine. F	30	2	00	17	00
В	8	President Lincoln. (Queen of Violets)	45	3	00		
\mathbf{A}	9	Prince de Ligny. Deep yellow, long stem.	25	1	35	10	50
В	9	Prince of Austria. True. Orange, shaded					
		scarlet; very fine	35	2	35	18	00
\mathbf{B}	6	Princess Marianne. Extra, white, tinted					
		pink; very large. F	20	1	25	10	50
\mathbf{B}	9	Princess Wilhelmina. Fine deep pink		_	~~		0.0
	_	and white; extra large flower	35	2	25	17	00
A	8	Proserpine. Queen of Tulips. Silky car-	45	0	75	25	00
		mine-rose; perfect form. F	40	4	13	40	00
		Prosperity (Reine des Reines). A most delicate and lovely pink; very early.					
		Finest of the new varieties					
		each, 20 cts 2	00	14	00		
\mathbf{A}	7	Purple Crown. Brownish crimson	30	1	65	13	00
\mathbf{A}	8	Rembrandt. Scarlet; fine	45	3	00	24	50
\mathbf{A}	7	Rose Luisante. Superb, large, pink; extra					
		fine	35	2	50	20	00
\mathbf{B}	8	Rosa Mundi. Rose and white	20	1	25	10	00
		Rose Aplatis. Delicate pink; extra fine .	45	3	00		
\mathbf{B}	5	Rose Gris-de-lin. Beautiful pink; a splen-					
		did sort. F	25	1	35	11	50
\mathbf{B}	8	Rose Queen. Deep pink, white shaded	~ =	_			
~	_	New	25	1	50	13	50
В	8	Standard Silver. Crimson and white; a	30	1	75	14	50
A	0	splendid variety. F	50		50	14	50
		Stanley. Pink reddish; fine for outdoors		_	25	0	50
		Thomas Moore. Buff, shaded orange. F.	25				50
		Van Bergham. Deep cherry	35		50	20	UU
В	6	Van der Neer. Beautiful violet	50		50		
_	_	Van Gooyen. Pink and white	25	1	35	11	75
В	8	Vermilion Brilliant. Dazzling scarlet;	40	0	75	23	00
0	0	very striking. F	40		75 25		
		White Swan. White, late, large and fine.	25	_		10	อบ
		Wouverman. Splendid dark violet	50	3	50		
В	7	Yellow Prince. Golden yellow; sweet- scented. Not good for outdoors. F	25	1	25	10	50

Double Early Tulips

These are all very desirable for bedding purposes. White, red and yellow sorts, of about the same height, planted in lines of three or four rows of each color, form with their large rose-like flowers, beds of surpassing grandeur. Their flowers, being double, are quite persistent, and, being also late in blooming, they serve to prolong the season of gorgeous beauty in the spring flower-garden. Those sorts marked with an asterisk (*) are the earlier kinds, which are not only valuable for bedders, but succeed admirably if forced in pots. Those not so marked are not recommended for pot culture. A's flower together, B's follow, etc.

Boule de Neige (White Peony). Pure white large peony-like flower; splendid. New	Per	doz.	. 100	1,000
white large peony-like flower; splendid. New	A 7 Alba Maxima. Pure white\$0	35	\$ 1 50	\$13 00
did. New 1 50 10 00 A 9 *Couronne des Roses (Crown of Roses). 60 4 00 Rich rosy pink; splendid 60 4 00 B 8 *Crown of Gold. Splendid yellow; fine for forcing 40 2 30 20 00 A 6 *Duc van Thol. Red and yellow; not desirable 20 1 00 8 50 B 8 *Duke of York. Purple, yellow edge 20 1 25 11 00				
A 9 *Couronne des Roses (Crown of Roses). Rich rosy pink; splendid	white large peony-like flower; splen-			
Rich rosy pink; splendid 60 4 00 B 8 *Crown of Gold. Splendid yellow; fine for forcing 40 2 30 20 00 A 6 *Duc van Thol. Red and yellow; not desirable 20 1 00 8 50 B 8 *Duke of York. Purple, yellow edge 20 1 25 11 00	did. New 1	50	10 00	
B 8 *Crown of Gold. Splendid yellow; fine for forcing				
for forcing	Rich rosy pink; splendid	60	4 00	
A 6 *Duc van Thol. Red and yellow; not desirable	B 8 *Crown of Gold. Splendid yellow; fine			
sirable	for forcing	40	2 30	20 00
B 8 *Duke of York. Purple, yellow edge 20 1 25 11 00	A 6 *Duc van Thol. Red and yellow; not de-			
	sirable	20	1 00	8 50
B 6 Brimstone Resulty Pinkish vellow: fine: 1 50 10 00	B 8 *Duke of York. Purple, yellow edge	20	1 25	11 00
D 0 Dimisione Dealty. I makish yellow, line. 1 50 10 00	B 6 Brimstone Beauty. Pinkish yellow; fine. 1	50	10 00	
B 8 Cochenille. Scarlet	B 8 Cochenille. Scarlet	60	4 00	
A 7 Fulwellen Mantel (Velvet Gcm). Pur-	A 7 Fulwellen Mantel (Velvet Gem). Pur-			
ple, brown and yellow 40 2 50	ple, brown and yellow	40	2 50	1

Per	doz.	100	1,000
A 7 *Gloria Solis. Deep scarlet edge, with			
bright yellow	25	\$1 60	\$14 00
A 9 Helianthus. Gold and scarlet; superb	30	2 00	
A 8 *Imperator Rubrorum. Brilliant scarlet;			
fine for forcing, and one of the grandest for bedding	40	2 50	20 00
B 6 *La Candeur. Pure white; a splendid bed-	10	2 00	20 00
ding kind. Used with Rex Rubrorum			
to form bedding designs, it makes a			
fine effect	25	1 50	13 00
Lac Van Haarlem. Brilliant rosy violet;			
a unique color; very large flower	60	4 00	
B 6 Murillo. Light pink; very early; splen-			
did for forcing and bedding	30	1 75	15 00
A 8 Purple Crown. Purple-maroon	30	1 75	12 75
A 7 Raphael. Delicate pink; extra fine;			
large flower	65	4 50	
B 7 Rex Rubrorum. Bright scarlet; splendid			
bedding sort	30	2 00	16 50
B 5 Rose Blanche. Pure white; very fine .	25	1 50	12 00
B 6 Rose d'Amour. Extra fine; delicate pink			
a beauty	65	4 50	
A 6 Rubra Maxima. Early; bright red	30	1 75	14 00
A 7 *Salvator Rosa. White and deep rose	35	2 25	18 00
A 7 *Tournesol, Red and Yellow	35	2 25	18 00
A 7 *Tournesol, Pure Yellow, Finest double			
yellow	35	2 25	18 00
A 7 Titian. Crimson-scarlet, edged with gol-			
den yellow; fine for bedding	25	1 80	$15 \ 50$
B 7 Lucretia. Fine pink; large	60	4 00	
A 7 Toreador. Orange-brown	70	5 00	
B 6 Vuurbaak. Bright vermilion; splendid.	45	3 00	24 00
~ / A			
Double Late Tulip	S		
These bloom in May and are very showy and		ng.	
	doz.		1,000
Blue Flag. Violet-blue; distinct\$0		\$2 75	2,000
Count Leicester Vellow and orange		1 25	\$10.00

	Per do	z. 1	00	1.00	Ю
Blue Flag. Violet-blue; distinct	\$0 40	\$2	75	.,	
Count Leicester. Yellow and orange	20	1	25	\$10	00
Isabellinum. Beautiful light yellow; splendid	l				
novelty	75	5 5	00		
La Belle Alliance. Blue and white, feathered	;				
extra fine	4(2	75	20	00
Mariage de Ma Fille. White, striped with car-	-				
mine	45	5 3	00	25	00
Yellow Rose, Golden vellow	2!	5 1	50	11	00

Parrot Tulips

Parrot Tulips sometimes do not bloom satisfactorily, owing to improper planting. They like a light, sandy soil, shallow planting and a sunny location.

Parrot Tulips do not receive the attention they deserve. These belong to the late or May-flowering Tulips, and have immense attractive flowers of singular and picturesque forms and brilliant and varied colors. The petals are curiously fringed or cut, and the form of the flower, especially before it opens, resembles the neck of a parrot. They form extravagantly showy flower-beds and should be grown in every flower-garden in quantities. They are especially desirable for cut-flowers. The Parrot Tulips we import are from the the most famous grower of these in Holland, and very superior to those usually sent out, which are often immature bulbs and will not bloom well under the most favorable circumstances. (See illustration, first cover page of this Catalogue)

§0 20	\$1 25
30	1 50
40	2 25
25	1 40
25	1 50
30	1 75
25	1 50
18	1 15
	30 40 25 25 30 25



May-Flowering Tulips

Late Show Tulips

Late Show I uni	JS		
Per	doz.	100	1,000
Bizarres. Red, on yellow ground. Choice			
mixed varieties \$0	20	\$1 25	\$10 00
100 bulbs, in 25 named varieties, \$3.50.			
Breeders. Self-colored; mixed	30	1 75	
Bybloems. Red, on white ground. Choicest			
mixed	25	1 50	
100 bulbs, in 25 named varieties, \$3.50.			
Roses. Red, on white ground. Choicest mixed			
varieties	25	1 50	
Violettes. Violet, on white ground. Choicest			
mixed	25	1 50	

The Bizarres, Bybloems, Roses and Violettes are the Tulips of the famous Tulip mania of Europe, when Tulips sold as high as \$1,000 each, and entire communities were involved in the speculation. They are very interesting and beautiful.

Late-Flowering Tulips

Late Tulips are but little known in this country. yet they are extremely beautiful and striking, and come into bloom in May, after all other Tulips are over. Many are the original wild varieties, and, if planted where they can remain permanently, will bloom year after year. Our experience has been that permanent plantations of Tulips should not be watered after flowering. They seem to do much better if allowed to take their chances with the weather, and we know of a lot of single early Tulips planted in a bed in a farm field where they have never been watered or cultivated in any way, not even the weeds and grass removed, yet they thrive and bloom splendidly year after year. We wish to call special attention to the Gesneriana Tulip. Without exception, it is the most effective Tulip that can be planted outdoors. A bed of it will always attract the greatest admiration and enthusiam. De- de- 100 1000

Per	· doz.	1	00	1,00	00	
Gesneriana spathulata. The				_,_		
tallest, largest flowers and						
showiest of all Tulips for						
bedding out in masses. It						
deserves to be largely						
grown. Height 18 to 24						
inches. Flowers of enor-						
mous size, on long, grace-						
ful stems, and the most						
durable of all Tulips, as it						
holds its beautiful color						
and keeps perfect for a						
long time, flowering in						
May. Color rich crimson-						
scarlet, with glittering						
blue-black center. Our						
bulbs are guaranteed the						
true scarlet variety and						
not the inferior purplish						
kind that is not worth						
planting\$0	30	\$1	65	\$14	00	j
Gesneriana aurantiaca macu-						
lata. Large; brilliant scar-						
let; extra fine	40	2	75			
Gesneriana lutea. Pure vel-						
low Gesneriana; extra fine.	30	2	00	18	00	1
Gesneriana albo marginata.	00	_	00	10	00	
(Sweet Nancy.) Egg-						
shaped, white, edged with						
	25	1	30	11	=0	
pink; lovely	20	T	30	11	οU	
Golden Crown. Yellow,						
slightly edged with red;						
a splendid sort, similar to						
Gesneriana; fine for bed-						
ding	20	1	00	8	00	,

May-Flowering, or Cottage Tulips

These, also known as "Old English Garden Tulips," are a most interesting class, with wonderfully showy and beautiful flowers. Blooming very late, they extend the spring-flowering bulb season well into May. They are all tall growing, averaging about 24 inches in height. Per doz. 100 Beauty of America. Pale yellow, turning white with red border.....\$0 30 \$1 75 \$14 00 Isabella, or Blushing Bride. (Shandon Bells). Beautiful rose-pink, slightly shaded white; fine form. A most superb and distinct va-12 50 1 40 Bouton d'Or. Deep golden yellow; of great value for outdoor cutting. Splendid 1 25 11 50 Bridesmaid. Brilliant scarlet, striped pure white; distinct and very beautiful 13 00

MAY-FLOWERING, or COTTAGE TU	LIPS r doz			ued 1,000
Caledonia. Very bright orange-red; very striking in masses. Medium height			75	\$22 00
Carnation. Snow-white, changing to carmine-rose; the Old English Picotee. Equisitely				
beautifuleach, 15 cts	1 50		00	~
Columbus. Yellow, red striped	$\begin{array}{cc} 1 & 30 \\ 1 & 25 \end{array}$		00 50	
Elegans. A grand Tulip. Very showy; rich				
crimson-scarlet; large flower Elegans alba (White Crown). Large white re-	35	2	25	18 00
flexed petals, margined rosy red Fairy Queen. Heliotrope color, with yellow.	50	3	00	25 00
Unique	50	3	00	
	3 50			
Inglescombe Pink. Salmon-pink, blue base Inglescombe Scarlet. Brilliant scarlet; enor-	40	2	50	21 00
mous flower	70	_	00	
Innocence. Largest pure white. New Konigskroon. Red and yellow, like Keizer-	1 50	11	00	
kroon, but late-flowering	35	2	25	18 00
La Nigrette. Almost black; makes a striking contrast if planted together with Bouton	20	•	0.5	10.00
d'Or La Merveille. A magnificent variety, with large	30	1	65	12 00
sweet-scented, orange-red flowers	25	1	65	12 00
La Reve. A dull, smoky color, developing into the most lovely old rose. Very lasting flower.	70	4	50	
Mrs. Moon. Pure yellow; large. The best of all yellow late Tulips; sweet-scented	60	3	50	30 00
Moonlight. Light, soft yellow; enormous flower. Neweach, 12 cts 1	1 20	9	00	
Norham Beauty. Soft rosy heliotrope. New . each, 15 cts 1	50	11	00	
Parisian White (La Candeur). Pure white, changing to rose. Lovely	25	1	50	13 00
Parisian Yellow. Golden yellow, pointed flowers	30	1	75	14 00
Picotee, or Maiden's Blush. An elegant, long- shaped, clear white flower. The petals, which are pointed and elegantly reflexed, are beautifully margined and penciled on edges				
with bright pink Primrose Beauty. Primrose, bordered rose; a	25		50	12 00
Rose Mignonne. creamy white; striped pink;	70		00	
a very showy bedder	30	2	00	16 00
stance	45	3	00	24 00
Summer Beauty. Rose, flaked crimson and	85	6	00	
white; large and lovely flower The Fawn. Large, light grayish rose, changing	60	3	75	
to rosy white. Distinct each, 12 cts 1			00	
Union Jack. Salmon-pink and bronze-striped. 1 York and Lancaster. Large, carmine-rose;	25	8	00	
shaded creamy white; a very fine variety Mixed Late Single Tulips (not recommended)	$\frac{40}{20}$		$\frac{60}{25}$	$\frac{20}{10} \frac{00}{00}$

Darwin Tulips

Handsome May-flowering class and quite distinct in style of growth from the other late-flowering sorts. Stately in appearance, attaining a height of 24 to 30 inches, and bearing on strong stems beautiful globular flowers of remarkably heavy texture, in a large range of colors, embracing almost every conceivable tint in rose, heliotrope, claret, maroon, crimson, and other rich and rare shades. Unsurpassed for bedding and for cutting.

Per doz. 100 1,000

Р	er doz.	100	1.000
Baronne de la Tonnaye. Vivid pink	0 35	\$2 25	\$18 00
Clara Butt. Delicate salmon-pink; beautiful.	65	4 25	
De Sacey. Brownish red; extra	85	6 00	
Edmee. Vivid rosy pink	1 00	6 50	
Europe. Brilliant scarlet-carmine	50	3 50	27 00
Fanny. Most delicate salmon-pink	55	3 75	
Farncombe Sanders. Immense flower of the			
most brilliant scarlet; one of the best Dar-			
wins	70	4 75	
Glow. Glowing vermilion	40	2 50	22 50
Gretchen. Delicate flesh color; very lovely	35	2 25	20 00

Per doz	100	1,000
Jules Vernot. Beautiful delicate purplish rose \$0 45	\$3 00	\$25 00
La Candeur. Almost pure white	3 00	25 00
La Tulipe Noire. Comes nearest of all to black;		
flowers of enormous sizeeach, 30 cts 3 00		
Madame Krelage. Pink; light bordered; extra 45	3 00	25 - 00
Massachusetts. Light pink; large flower 65	4 50	
Painted Lady. Milk-white on dark stem 40	2 50	20 00
Pride of Haarlem	3 25	27 - 00
The Sultan. Almost black	2 00	16 00
Fine Mixed Darwin Tulips	1 50	11 00
100 Darwin Tulips, in 25 varieties (not less		
than 100 furnished)	4 00	
Rembrandt Tulips, Fine Mixed. Rembrandt		
Tulips are Darwin Tulips, but very queerly		
striped and feathered	$2 \ 50$	21 - 00
Consider on Wild Tuling	_	
Species, or Wild Tulips	Per do:	z. 100
Clusiana (The Lady Tulip). Red	\$0 75	\$4 50
Florentine. Sweet-scented; yellow		
Greigi. Odd and beautiful; vermilion-orange, w		
black centereach, 10 cts		6 50
Kaufmanniana. White; large and early each, 15 cts	1 50	10 00
Oculus solis. Novel variety; dazzling scarlet	45	3 00
Ostrowskyana. Brilliant orange, black and yellow cent		
Persica. Fragrant yellow		5 00
Vitellina. Sulphur-yellow; large		3 50
, 8		



Darwin Tulips



Narcissus, Golden Spur (see page 21)



Narcissi Mrs. Walter T. Ware (see page 21)

Narcissi

We presume that for every Narcissus bulb planted there are one hundred tulips or hyacinths. That this is a great mistake, any one really familiar with their very great merits must admit. They lack the brilliancy of color of the tulips, but greatly surpass them in variety, delicacy and gracefulness of form, and one never becomes tired of their soft, beautiful colors. The great point in their favor is that they are permanent additions to the garden. All they ask is that they be allowed to remain undisturbed, and they will increase in size and beauty year after year, and many varieties are perfectly at home naturalized in the grass, provided the grass is not cut before their tops have time to ripen. This is not true of hyacinths and tulips, which, unless planted under the most favorable conditions, must be planted every year to have in perfection.



Narcissus Bicolor Empress, naturalized in the grass
From "The Garden" (see page 22)

Special Offer of Golden Spur Narcissus (See illustration)

This is one of the most valuable of the Trumpet Narcissi, with magnificent deep yellow trumpet with brim expanding like Maximus, and large, spreading, full, deep yellow petals. It is free-flowering and splendid both for house culture and outdoors, and is one of the most desirable varieties for naturalizing

New Narcissus, Mrs. Walter T. Ware

(See illustration, page 20)

This superb new Narcissus is similar in appearance to the well-known Empress; extra-large flowers, with pure white perianth and yellow trumpet. It is earlier, however, and blooms much more freely. It is still somewhat scarce and high-priced, but a favorable contract made with the largest grower of this variety enables us to offer first-class bulbs at a very low price. 45 cts. per doz., \$2.50 per 100, \$20 per 1,000.

Narcissus Emperor

This is the largest and finest deep yellow trumpet-flowered Daffodil in cultivation, and is really superb, both in foliage and flower. Either for the garden or for naturalizing it is one of the very finest varieties and cannot be commended too highly. Monster bulbs more than twice the size of those usually sold: 40 cts. per doz., \$2.75 per 100, \$24 per 1,000: first quality bulbs, larger than usually sent out, 35 cts. per doz., \$2.25 per 100, \$20 per 1,000.



Narcissus Emperor

Narcissus, Bicolor Empress

This may be considered rather a high-priced Daffodil for planting in the grass, but the effect produced is so lovely, and it is so hardy and vigorous and increases so rapidly, that nothing can be planted that will be more satisfactory, and, as we control the best stock of it in Holland, we can make a specially low price in spite of the 25 per cent duty now levied on bulbs. If planted in orchards, meadows or any place where the grass is not mown by a lawn-mower, these Daffodils will increase in quantity and beauty year after year. Where they are planted, the grass must not be mown before the middle of June, so that the bulbs may have time to ripen before the tops are cut off. Our Emperor and Empress Narcissi are more than double the size of the bulbs usually sold in this country. 35 cts. per doz., \$2.50 per 100, \$23 per 1,000. (See illustration, page 21.)

Narcissus, Bicolor Victoria

One of the newer varieties and the best of all the Bicolors. Perianth creamy white, trumpet rich yellow, delicately perfumed. Unsurpassed for pot-culture or growing outdoors in the garden, or the grass. Extra large selected bulbs, 40 cts. per doz., \$3 per 100, \$25 per 1,000. (See illustration, page 24.)



Narcissus, Sulphur Phœnix

Double Narcissi	ĺ		
	doz.	100	1,000
Alba plena odorata. Double Poeticus. Pure			
white, resembling a Gardenia. Sweet-			
scented. Likes partial shade and heavy			
moist soil; often fails to bloom\$0	18	\$0 90	\$8 00
Incomparabilis, fl. pl. Butter and Eggs. Full			
double flowers of rich yellow	25	1 25	10 00
Jonquils. Double; sweet-scented	30	2 00	17 00
Orange Phœnix. Eggs and Bacon. Double			
white and orange; beautiful	25	1 50	13 00
Sulphur, or Silver Phœnix. Pure white, beau-			
ful flower; splendid. Now that this lovely			
variety can be had at a low price it should			
be freely used	40	2 25	18 00
*	40	2 20	10 00
Von Sion. Double Yellow Daffodil. One of the			
best forcing sorts; extra large fine bulbs,			
and not mixed with the inferior green-			
ish flowered variety usually sold			
500, \$8.50	25	1 75	16 00
Von Sion. Extra-sized double-nosed bulbs	45	3 00	25 00

Single Jonquils

The Jonquils have small	yellov	dowers	wh	ich
are produced in clusters. The	hey ar	e very fr	agra	nt.
	er doz.	100	1,0	00
Jonquils. Single; sweet-				
scented\$	0.15	\$0.75	\$6	00
Jonquils (Campernelles). Yel-				
low; sweet-scented	20	90	7	00
Jonquils(Campernelles) rugu-				
losus. Large golden yellow;				
larger and finer than the				
old Campernelles	20	1 20	9	00

The Poet's Narcissi

The true **Poet's Daffodils.** Delicately perfumed and charming in form and color. Fine for planting among shrubbery or in the grass.

	doz.	10	0	1,0	00
Poeticus. Pheasant's Eye.					
The well-known Poet's Nar-					
cissus. Requires a dry soil					
and will not bloom in wet. \$0	15	\$0	70	\$6	00
Poeticus Burbidgei. Pure					
white cup, margined with					
cinnabar-red early	20	1	00	7	00
Poeticus ornatus. Improved					
Poeticus. Can be forced					
earlier and blooms earlier					
outdoors and always sure					
to bloom	20	1	00	8	00
Poeticus Poetarum. Pure					
white petals, with orange-					
scarlet cup	25	1	25	10	00
Poeticus grandiflora. Large					
flowers; earliest	50	3	00		
Poeticus, "Edward VII." Extra					
large; improved Ornatus.	55	3	50		
Poeticus, "Glory." Largest of					
the section . Each. 25c 2	50				

Large-Flowered Single Narcissi

Albicans (Silver Trumpet). Primrose trumpet, white perianth. 40 cts. per doz., \$2.25 per 100, \$18 per 1,000.

511	EC17	1L	Aı	עא	114	IP	JKI	- 1
LARGE-FLOWERED SINGLE N	ARCI	sst	S, co	ontiu	ned			
Permi Genericana Brasil mini	r doz.	1	00	1,0	000			
Barri Conspicuus. Broad primrose petals and elegantly ex-								
panded crown, heavily stained								J
orange-scarlet. Extra fine\$6	0 20	\$1	25	\$10	00		^	1
Barri Flora Wilson. Pure white	-	Ψ-		# 20	0			
perianth, yellow cup, orange-							+ 3	
scarlet edged	60	4	50			- 1		
Barri Maurice Vilmorin. Creamy								
white perianth, scarlet cup	35	2	25					
Barri Sensation. Pure white peri-								
anth, canary-yellow cup, or-								
	1 75	12	00					
Barri, "Dorothy E. Wemyss."								
Large white perianth, canary- yellow cup, orange-scarlet								
edged. New and splendid							No.	
Each, 25 ets 2	2 50	18	00					
Bicolor Empress. Pure white							23	
perianth, with yellow trum-								1
pet, extra large superb flower.								1
This variety is an improved								
Bicolor Horsfieldi, and entirely								
free from disease	35	2	50	23	00			
Bicolor Horsfieldi. Very large								
flower, with pure white peri- anth and rich yellow trumpet.								
A popular sort, but decays								
badly in the packages. We will								
import it at purchaser's risk								
only. We advise ordering								
Empress instead	35	2	50					
Bicolor grandis. White perianth,								
with yellow trumpet. More								
dwarf and a little later than								
Empress	25	1	50	13	00	20		
Bicolor, Mrs. Walter T. Ware.								
Perianth pure white, trumpet yellow. New and fine	45	9	50	90	00			
Bicolor Victoria. A Novelty of	10	_	50	20	50			
striking beauty. Extra large						1		Na
flower. Best of the Bicolor			P	er doz	s. :	100	1,00	
varieties			\$0	40	\$3	00	\$25	00
Biflorus. White perianth, yellow	cup;	tv	vin					
flowering				20	1	15	8	50
Bulbocodium. Hoop Petticoat								
Rich golden yellow; fine and c				60	4	00		
Burbidgii Ellen Barr. Snow-whit				40	9	50		
citron cup, stained orange-scarl Burbidgii Falstaff. Pure white pe				40	2	50		
cup				40	9	50		
Emperor. Monster bulbs. The la				10	2	50		
dil in cultivation. Golden yello	0							
This Daffodil should be in every								
it is really grand				40	2	75	24	00
Glory of Leiden. (True.) Periantl								
pet of deep yellow. The largest a								
the newer Daffodils. A superb	and d	istir	nct					
variety that should be include								
amateur's collection of choice I								
	ch, 20			2 25	16	00		
Golden Spur. Large, deep yello								
with brim expanding like Ma								
large, spreading, full, deep ye This is one of the very larges								
beautiful Daffodils in cultiv			$_{ m nd}$					
should be used freely, both for o		,						
ture and for forcing				35	2	25	20	00
					_		-0	



Henry Irving. Bold golden yellow trumpet, Per doz. 100 1,000 with vellow wheel-shaped perianth; very fine. The flowers of this fine variety stood 13 degrees of freezing in our garden without injury\$0 35 \$2 25 \$18 00 Incomparabilis, Figaro. Perianth and cup yellow, stained orange; very large and spreading; fine 1 15 9 00 Incomparabilis, Simplex. Yellow; fine 20 1 15 9 00 Incomparabilis, Alba stella. Large white perianth, with a yellow cup, a most charming 20 1 00 7 50 variety, either for outdoors or forcing..... Incomparabilis, Cynosure. Large sulphurwhite petals, cup also sulphur-white, stained with orange-scarlet; very fine..... 1 20 9 00 Incomparabilis, C. J. Backhouse. yellow perianth, orange, orange-scarlet cup 5 00 Incomparabilis, Queen Bess. Perianth pure 2 00 15 00 white, cup light yellow 30 Incomparabilis, Sir Watkin. Welsh Giant Daffodil. Very large petals of a rich sulphuryellow color, and large cup, yellow, tinged with orange. Immense flowers sometimes 5 inches across. Splendid. Monster bulbs ... 2 25 19 00 Incomparabilis, Gloria Mundi, Yellow perianth, orange-scarlet cup. Extra new..... Each, 65 cts. . 6 50



Narcissus Bicolor Victoria (see page 22)

LARGE-FLOWERED SINGLE NARCISSI, continued

Incomparabilis, Mabel Cowan. White peri-	doz.	10	0	1,000
anth, broad cup, margined orange-scarlet;				
very free-flowering; fine for cutting\$0	25	\$2	50	\$20.00
	33	.02	30	\$20 OO
Johnston's Queen of Spain. Small lovely yel-				
low flower, resembling a cyclamen. Distinct				
and beautiful but not very hardy; fine for	1 7	7	70	
pot culture	10	- 4	50	
Katherine Spurrell. Broad sulphury-white peri-				
anth, canary cup. A very beautiful flower.	60	4	00	
Minnie Hume (Queen of England). Large				
white perianth, cup passing from lemon to				
white	20	1	25	10 00
Mrs. Langtry. Pure white, twin-flowered; a				
gem for forcing and for cutting	20	1	10	9 00
Mad. de Graaf. The largest and finest of the				
white Trumpet Daffodils Each, 30 cts 3	00			
Major (Trumpet Major). Golden-yellow petals				
and trumpet; very free bloomer; early. This				
variety may be forced easily and early. Also				
fine for outdoors	25	1	50	12 00
M. M. de Graaf. White perianth, orange cup;				
very free-flowering; fine for cutting	25	1	60	14 00
Maximus (Hale's Beaten Gold). Deep golden				
yellow perianth and trumpet	40	2	50	18 00

Per doz	. 1	00	1,000
Obvallaris (Tenby Daffodil). Deep yellow;	_		2,000
very distinct\$0 35	\$2	25	\$17 00
Princeps (Giant Irish Daffodil). Primrose peri-			
anth, with yellow trumpet; extra fine 25	1	50	13 00
Triandus albus. (Angel's Tears; Cyclamen Daf-			
fodil). Very graceful and curious 60	4	00	
Willy Barr. Perianth and trumpet bright yel-			
low: beautiful shape Each, 20 cts 2 00	15	00	

Poetaz Narcissi

A new race of Narcissi produced by crossing Narcissus Poeticus ornatus with the Polyanthus varieties. They flower in clusters like the Polyanthus, without their strong odor, and are perfectly hardy.

	doz.	100
Poetaz, Alsace. Pure white with yellow, slightly red-		
dish edged eye. Very early\$0	60	\$4 25
Poetaz, Aspasia. Pure white, with yellow eye; vigorous.	55	3 50
Poetaz, Elvira. Pure white, with yellow eye; large		
free-flowering	50	3 00
Poetaz, Ideal, Pure white, with dark orange eye	65	4 00
Poetaz, Irene. Sulphur-yellow, with orange eye	75	5 50
Poetaz, Klondyke. Yellow, with deep yellow eye 1	00	7 00
Poetaz, Profusion. White, with yellow eye; dwarf	50	3 00

Paper White Narcissi should never be used for outdoor planting. They are only desirable for forcing, and can be had in bloom by Christmas.



Poetaz Narcissi

Polvanthus Narcissi

These Narcissi produce fine large clusters of flowers, which have a very delicious scent. They may be forced very easily and early.

NOTE.—Polyanthus Narcissi, are not hardy in the North. They can be grown outdoors in a well-drained soil, but must be very carefully protected.

100 bulbs, in 10 fine named sorts, our selection, for \$4 Chinese Sacred. The much advertised "Chinese Sacred \$7.00 1 75 Fine Mixed, without names 4 00 Gloria Mundi. White, with citron cup. Extra Gloriosa. Pure white, with orange cup. Very fine; 2 50 extra; distinct Grand Monarque (true). Large, pure white with citron cup. Extra fine. This variety is one of the finest of 2.50 all white Polyanthus Narcissi 35 40 2.50 Grand Soleil d'Or, Yellow and orange. Distinct..... Her Maiestv. Dwarf: white, with vellow cup. Finest and largest variety of all 4 00 Lord Canning. Dark vellow. Extra fine..... 4 00 Newton. Very fine yellow, with orange cup. Distinct; extra free bloomer..... 60 4 00 Paper White. Fine for forcing; can be had in bloom early in December. Bulbs ready in August Per 1.000. \$10... 20 1 25 Paper White. New. Large-flowered . 30 1 75 \$13 The Pearl (true). Pure white: large flower 50 3 00

COLCHICUM

(Autumn-Flowering Crocus)

These charming flowers resemble crocuses, but are larger and are displayed more above the ground, and, instead of blooming early in spring, bloom in September, when the flowers appear without any leaves, the leaves appearing the following spring. The bulbs are very apt to bloom in the packages while being delivered, but this will not prevent them from blooming the following season. The colors comprise many shades of white, purple, rose and striped. They are beautiful and interesting and should be planted where they can remain permanently.

	Per doz.	100
Autumnale alba. White	.\$0 60	\$4 00
Autumnale major. Purple	. 85	6 50
Autumnale flore pleno. Double rose	. 50	3 50
Autumnale, Mixed	. 45	3 00

OXALIS

These are profuse bloomers, and very attractive in the house or conservatory during the winter. Plant three of four bulbs in a pot; the pot should be kept near the glass to prevent the foliage from growing too long.

Bermuda Buttercup. Greatly improved selection from Oxalis Cernua; grows in the congenial soil and climate of Bermuda until the bulbs have attained great strength, producing plants and flowers larger and more luxuriant than the common variety. It is one of the finest of winter-flowering plants for pot culture, of strong, luxuriant growth; one bulb is sufficient for a 6-inch pot. The great profusion of bloom produced in uninterrupted abundance for weeks is astonishing. The flowers are of the purest bright buttercup yellow.

Bowiei. Brilliant rose. White (Multiflora alba)

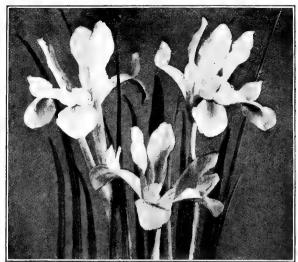
White (Multiflora alba)

Price of any of the above, 3 cts. each, 25 cts. per doz., \$1.50 per 100

Mixed, containing a large number of varieties. 5 cts. for 3, 15 cts. per doz., \$1 per 100.

Spanish Iris

These exquisitely beautiful Irises are almost unknown in this country, yet they are perfectly hardy, of the easiest culture and cheaper than crocuses. In England they are grown by the millions for cut-flowers. They bloom early in June and grow 15 to 18 inches high. They have a great combination and variety of color in the same flower. They are very diverse and of great richness, comprising all shades of blue, yellow and bronze, as well as pure white, and are highly useful for decoration and cutting. They should be planted about 5 inches apart. We advise all our customers to try a few hundred, and in large gardens they should be planted by the thousands. The stock we offer is exceptionally fine. These Irises can be bloomed in the greenhouse in the spring, but are not suitable for growing in the bouse.



Spanish Iris

Per	doz.	100	1,000
Belle Chinoise. Golden yellow\$0	15	\$0.75	\$5 50
Blanche Fleur. White, tinted sky-blue	15	75	5 50
Blanche Superbe. Splendid white	15	75	5 50
British Queen. Purest white; tall; fine for			
forcing	15	80	6 00
Bronze King. Very dark bronze. New	25	1 15	8 00
Cajanus. Finest yellow; tall and extra-large	20	85	7 50
Chrysolora. Lovely canary-yellow	12	75	5 50
Count of Nassau. The finest dark blue	20	85	7 50
Excelsior. Largest light blue; great novelty;			
very beautiful	25	1 25	10 00
Gold Cup. Bronze; extra fine	25	1 25	10 00
Louise. Beautiful shade of light blue	15	75	5 50
L'Innocence. Beautiful pure white. New and			
extra fine	25	1 15	8 00
Mia. Blue; tall and extra large flower	15	75	5 50
Queen Wilhelmina. Immense white. New	40	2 50	
Splendid Mixture	10	45	3 50

100 bulbs in 20 named varieties (not less than 100 supplied), \$1.75 per 100, \$15 per 1,000

LIATRIS PYCNOSTACHYA

The popular name of this striking plant is Kansas Gay Feather Nothing can be planted that will attract more attention on account of a very unusual appearance, but it is very beautiful as well as odd. It blooms in midsummer and throws up long, narrow spikes of rich purple flowers which last a long time. A peculiarity of this plant is its great attraction for butterfiies; when in bloom it is always surrounded with them. 15c. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$9 per 100.

Miscellaneous Bulbs and Plants

Prices for enders received before Tuly 1 101				Price on any hulbs not offered will be to a fact			** .*
		100		Price on any bulbs not offered will be furnish			
ALLIUM Hermettii grandiflorum. Pinkish	doz.	100	1,000	Iris Rosenbachiana. Dwarf. Splendid grayish	doz.	100	1,000
white\$0	20	\$1 25		blue, with yellow spot on the lower petal			
Moly Luteum. Yellow	15	75	\$6 00	of the flowers. Blooms in March			
Neapolitanum. Pure white	18	1 00	7 00	Each, \$1.50			
ALSTRŒMERIA Chilensis. Ready in Novem-	75			Sibirica. American-grown. White and blue.\$0	75	\$5 00	
ANEMONE coronaria, Double, Large Scarlet	30	2 00	15 00	Susiana (Rhizomatous). Extra fine; large,	0.5	0.00	
Double, Blue	35	2 50	16 00	flamed, very curious; not hardy 1 IXIAS. These are extremely beautiful. Fine	25	8 00	
Double, Mixed	30	1 75	12 00	for forcing and growing outdoors. Not			
100 bulbs in 10 fine named varieties. Not				quite hardy, but can be grown in the gar-			
less than 100 supplied		2 00		den with a little protection. 100 bulbs in			
100 bulbs in 25 named varieties. Not less than 100 supplied		3 00		25 varieties		1 75	
Single, "The Bride." White	20	1 00	8 00	Viridiflora. Green, black eye; extra	40	2 50	
Single, Scarlet	20	1 50	10 00	Mixed. Very fine mixture	15	60	
Single, Mixed	20	1 00	6 25	LACHENALIAS, Mixed	75	10 00	•
CHIONODOXA Alleni. New. Very large	30	1 50		LEUCOJUM æstivum (Summer Snowflake)	30	2 00	
Gigantea. New. A great acquisition, differ-				Vernum (Snowflake)	30	1 75	\$11 00
ing from all others of this family by its un-				MUSCARI botryoides album (White Grape			
usually large flowers of lovely lilac-blue, with conspicuous white center. Hardy;				Hyacinth)	15	1 00	
a gem for the spring garden; fine grown				Botryoides carneum (Pink Grape Hyacinth).	15	10	5 00
in pots for winter	25	1 50	10 00	Beautiful Novelty	25	8 00	,
Luciliæ (Glory of the Snow). Very lovely;	15	00	7 50	Botryoides pallidum grandiflorum. Pearl-			
fine for naturalizing Sardensis	15 15	90 1 00	7 50 8 00	blue	75	9 00)
CROWN IMPERIAL, Aurora. Red	10	1 00	0 00	Conicum. Dark blue	35	2 25	
each, 20 cts 1	50	,		Moschatus Major (Musk Hyacinth). Grayish yellow; very fragrant 4	25		
Lutea. Yelloweach 25 cts 2				Plumosum (Plumed or Feathered Hya-	20		
Rubra folia aurea variegata. Golden varie-				cinth). An exquisitely beautiful variety			
gated foliageeach 20 cts 2				for naturalizing. Grows a foot high, with			
Rubra maximaeach 45 cts 4				claret-colored flowers like feathers or			
Fine Mixed	25	7 50		plumes; perfectly hardy and of the easiest			
ERYTHRONIUM Americanum (Dog's-tooth				culture, should be naturalized by the			
Violet). Extremely beautiful and fine for naturalizing	00	7 00		thousand	20	1 25	
Large-flowering, Mixed	20	1 25	8 00	ORNITHOGALUM Arabicum	40	2 50	•
FRITILLARIA aurea. New. Yellow, spotted;				Umbellatum (Star of Bethlehem). Lovely and fine for naturalizing	20	1 00	6 00
extra fine	60	4 00		RANUNCULUS, French. 100 in 25 varieties.		1 00	0 00
Meleagris. Fine mixed seedlings	25	1 50	12 00	Not less than 100 supplied		2 00	
GALANTHUS Elwesii (New Giant Snow-				French, Fine Mixture	20	1 20	6 00
drop)	15	75	6 50	Persian. 100 in 25 varieties. Not less than		2 00	
Nivalis (Single Snowdrop)	15	75	6 50	100 supplied	20	$\frac{2}{65}$	
Nivalis (Double Snowdrop)	25	1 50	12 00	Persian, Fine Mixture Turban. Deep scarlet	$\frac{20}{25}$	1 40	
GLADIOLUS Covillei alba, "The Bride." True				Turban, Grootvorst. Bright scarlet	25	1 25	
Very popular in England for forcing. Ready late in November	20	1 25	9 00	Turban, Hercules. Pure white	50	3 75	
Blushing Bride. Rosy-white, with carmine	20	1 20	5 00	Turban, Viridiflora. Crimson and yellow	25	1 25	
blotch; ready late in November	20	1 25	10 00	Turban, Fine Mixed	25	1 50	9 50
Peach Blossom. Lovely delicate pink.				SCILLA campanulata alba. White	25	1 25	10 00
Ready late in November	25	1 50	$12 \ 00$	Campanulata cœrula. Blue	20	1 00	
IRIS Anglica (English Iris). 100 roots in 20				Campanulata rosea. Pink	25	1 50	
named varieties. Not less than 100 sup-				Hyacinthoides. Fine blue.	25	$\frac{1}{6} \frac{25}{50}$	
plied		3 00		Peruviana cœrula (Cuban Lily). Blue 1 Sibirica. Finest sky-blue. One of the love-	00	0 30	
Anglica, Mont Blanc. Pure white; large and fine. This is the variety grown so largely				liest spring flowers; it has a color almost			
in England for cut-flowers	30	1 75	15 00	as deep as the sky itself. It is quite hardy			
Anglica, Fine Mixed	20	1 25	9 50	and flowers outdoors at the same time as			
Lortetti. Pale creamy pink, with brown				Snowdrops, in front of which it has a charming effect. It is fine for planting in			
spots. Extra fineeach, \$1.2512	00			the grass. If planted in pots and kept			
Pavonia (Peacock Iris). Pure white, with				indoors, it may be had in bloom as early			
blue blotch	25	1 25		as Christmas. Its bright blue color makes it suitable for any decoration	18	1 15	10 00
Flooms your corly in apring	00	18 00		SNOWDROPS. See Galanthus.			
Blooms very early in spring		8 00		SPARAXIS tricolor. Fine mixed	15	60	4 00
		- 00					

Formation of Lawns from Seed

The ground should be thoroughly drained and well prepared. The soil ought not to be too rich, as a rapid growth is not wanted in the grasses of a lawn, but the surface should be as much alike in quality as possible. After sowing, the ground should be rolled, in order to

press the seed firmly into the soil. The proper time to sow grass seed depends, of course, upon the latitudes. In the central and eastern states, from September 15 to October 15 is the best time. Seed may also be sown in the spring, provided it is done early enough to secure a good, strong growth before the hot, dry weather of summer sets in. The sowing should be done when the ground is moist, or before an expected rain, and a subsequent rolling is always advisable.

ROLLING.—As soon as the frost is out of the ground in the spring the land should be gone over with a heavy roller. Winter frosts loosen the soil, and rolling is necessary to compress it again. If grass seed is to be sown, this should be done first and the rolling immediately afterward. Frequent rollings are recommended.

Mowing.—All turf-forming grasses are improved, both in vigor of root-growth and fineness of texture, by frequent mowings. It is impossible to say just how often the grass should be mown, as that depends upon the rate at which it grows. Too close cutting should be guarded against, however, especially during the hot summer months, when the roots require some top-growth to protect them from the burning sun. A good top-growth is also necessary to protect the roots from the severe winter frosts. Mowing should, therefore, be discontinued in time to let the grass grow pretty long before winter sets in.

also necessary to protect the roots from the severe winter frosts. Mowing should, therefore, be discontinued in time to let the grass grow pretty long before winter sets in.

To Grass a Bank or Terrace.—For each square rod take a pound of lawn grass seed and mix it thoroughly with six cubic feet of good, dry garden loam. Place in a tub and add liquid manure, diluted with about two-thirds of water, so as to bring the whole to the consistency of mortar. The slope must be made perfectly smooth, and then well watered, after which the paste should be applied and made as even and as thin as possible.

PRICES OF GRASS SEED

We can supply the very best quality of Mixed Lawn Grass Seed for \$3 per bushel. This is exactly the same quality of seed that is usually sold for \$5 per bushel as Central Park Mixture, or under some other fancy name. Grass seed weighs only 14 pounds per bushel and can be shipped inexpensively by express. We do not supply less than one-half bushel. Special prices quoted for large quantities. Grass seed is sold by weight, 14 pounds for a bushel; but 14 pounds of clean grass seed will not fill a bushel. Grass seed can be sown advantageously in the fall, preferably in September. Prices: ½ bushel, \$1.65; 1 bushel, \$3; 10 bushels, \$2.75 per bushel; 25 bushels or over, \$2.50 per bushel. Small quantities shipped from here; large quantities from Cincinnati.

Tall English Delphiniums

I am tempted to say that the Improved English Delphiniums are the most beautiful hardy plants in cultivation, but I am also tempted to say this of a score of other things, and, of course, it is impossible to say which is the most beautiful of hardy plants, for they have such an immense variety of beauty that the wonder grows that people continue to plant bedding plants by the million which have little or no beauty, are an annual expense, and cost quite as much as hardy plants, whose first cost is their only cost and which increase in size, in beauty, and often in quantity year after year. These Delphiniums may not be the most beautiful hardy plants, but they are among the most beautiful, and nothing can be more distinct and satisfactory. They are stately and picturesque, some varieties growing eight feet high in rich soil; they have immense spikes of most beautiful flowers of every imaginable shade of blue, and their season is a long one; in fact, they will bloom from spring till fall if properly treated.

GULTURE OF DELPHINIUMS.—The culture of Delphiniums is exceedingly simple, and the results out of all proportion to the slight amount of care necessary. They thrive in almost any position, and may be planted at any time of the year, provided that in summer the plants are not too forward, and that they be well-watered if the weather be dry. The soil may be a rich, friable loam, which suits them finely; but any soil, even hot and sandy, if well watered and manured, will give excellent results. Dig deeply—trenching is better—add plenty of well-rotted manure, and plant about $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart. Placed in lines, as a background to a border, or in groups of, say, three plants at intervals, the effect of the Delphinium is exceedingly fine. They look well in beds also, arranged at the same distance apart each way. They are grand grown in masses of large groups of separate colors, and may be associated with shrubs with great advantage, succeeding by their robustness well in shrubberies. A succession of flowers may be expected from spring to early autumn, especially if the spikes which have done flowering early be cut down to the ground; fresh growth will then be produced, which will give blossom. Copious watering in summer will be attended by increased size of spike and flower; in fact, in seasons of prolonged drought water is absolutely a necessity on many soils if the varieties are to exhibit themselves in their true size and beauty of flower and spike. Top-dressing is greatly recommended on certain soils, instead of the bare surface of the ground being left exposed to the sun. Some of the neater dwarf alpine and other hardy plants may be utilized to plant between and around Delphiniums. Coal ashes strewn over the crowns will protect the plants from slugs through winter and spring. As we have intimated, any garden soil suits the Delphiniums; it is, however, necessary to secure sorts such as are offered below, in order to obtain an effect superior to that afforded by the old smaller-flowered varieties. No amount of l

"The Delphiniums were the first thing that attracted my attention, for they were just at their best and there was just about one acre of them. They made such a sight as I shall not soon forget, so vast was the quantity in bloom, so grand the spikes, and so rich and varied the different shades of blue. Although I have been a grower of these lovely hardy border plants for some twenty years, I was not prepared to see so much improvement in color, and was much struck with the intensity of the shade in many varieties as compared with the old Belladonna. The varieties which have a shade of bronze in the center are also very fine, the contrast between the bronze center and the deep blue exterior being very striking. But the shades of color in many of the newer sorts almost baffle description, and I shall not attempt it. It is in the doubles and semi-doubles that the greatest advancement has been made, and many of them are truly lovely. They are much larger and more compact than the old doubles of the Ranunculoides type, and consequently are much more valuable for ordinary garden adornment. The light blue flowers with the large white eyes are very striking. The Delphiniums do not receive any special treatment here, being simply planted on a strong loamy soil in an open position. Some few were tied to stakes, but the majority do not require it, being so dwarf in comparison with the old sorts. This dwarfness of habit is a great gain, and the greater portion of the plants were not more than 4 to 5 feet high, yet carrying immense spikes of large bloom."

—The Gardening World.



Specimen plant of Improved English Delphiniums

SPECIAL OFFER OF IMPROVED ENGLISH DELPHINIUMS

I want every one who receives this price-list to try these improved English Delphiniums, and to that end offer them at extremely low prices. I guarantee that they will give unqualified satisfaction in every instance and will be a revelation of beauty to most people.

Fine Mixed English, grown from seed of Kelway's famous named sorts......\$1 50 \$10 00 English, in separate colors, grown from Kelway's newest named sorts...... 2 00 13 00 Selected Varieties, selected from thousands of seedlings grown from Kelway's choicest named sorts ... 3 00 20 00 Extra Selected Varietieseach, 50 cts... 5 00 White Varieties. Not recommendedeach, \$1...

Delphinium formosum

In the perennial Delphiniums, or Larkspurs, we have one of the most beautiful and useful families in hardy plants. The old Delphinium formosum is one of the few hardy plants which has been pretty generally offered by the plant trade, yet is comparatively unknown, although few things can be planted that will give more satisfaction, whether the object is decorative effect in the garden or flowers for cutting for the house. Messers J. H. Small & Sons, the leading florists of New York and Washington, have made quite a hit with it as a novelty in cut-flowers. The flowers are intense deep blue, perhaps the most brilliant blue to be found in flowers freely produced in long spikes. It blooms in June and July and continues for a long time in bloom, and if the plants are cut back after flowering will bloom a second time in the fall. Plants grow to 4 or 5 feet high, and if planted in masses about 2 feet apart will produce a splendid effect. 15 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz., \$8 per 100.

Delphinium formosum coelestinum

This rare and scarce Delphinium has all the good qualities of the well-known Formosum, but instead of dark blue flowers produces

great spikes of exquisite light blue bloom, the loveliest shade of blue in the floral world. I have always treasured this Delphinuim in my garden, but could never get enough stock of it to offer. This season I have secured a few thousand plants, which I can offer at a reasonable price. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100.

Hardy Perennial Phloxes

The beauty and usefulness of these grand border plants give to them a deservedly first place among hardy plants. For cutting, their large trusses go a long way in floral decoration. In color they range from pure white to the richest crimson and purple, and from soft rose and salmon to bright coral-red, all having a delicate fragrance. Perennial Phloxes succeed in almost any soil enriched with manure, but are much benefited by a mulching of decomposed manure in spring, and in hot weather an occasional soaking of water. If the first spikes of bloom are removed as soon as over and the plant given a good soaking of water, they will produce a second supply of flowers, thus continuing the display until late in autumn. These later blooms are often finer than the first.

The following list includes a selection made by us in France, Germany, Holland and England during the last summer, as well as all of the very best of the new and the old varieties.

We grow upwards of a hundred thousand Phloxes annually, and when these are in bloom they are well worth coming to see.

Field-grown plants, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100

A. G. McKimmon, Early-flowering; purplish lilac; large truss.

*Adonis. China-rose, large carmine eye.

*Albion. Strong, vigorous grower; large panicles of pure white flowers with faint red eye.

Athis. Tall, salmon; the tallest-growing of all Phloxes.

Astier Rheu. Deep purplish crimson.

Beranger. Rosy white, suffused gray; very delicate shade; lovely.

Boule de Feu. Bright rosy red, dark center.

Bouquet Fleur. White, pink center.

Champs-Elysees. Fine rich, purplish crimson.

Charlotte Saison. White, red center; large panicles.

*Coquelicot. Orange-scarlet, center purple; magnificent color for bedding. The most brilliant Phlox yet produced. Poor habit.

Duqueslin. Deep rose, edged lilac.

Eclaireur. Bright purplish rose, light center; enormous flowers.

Forerunner. Early-flowering; white, suffused with rosy purple. Frau S. Buchner. Salmon-pink; large and fine.

Independence. Fine vigorous dwarf white.

Kossuth. Rose, center maroon. La Vague. Rosy pink, with red eye.

Lady Musgrave. White, striped light magenta, early-flowering. Lothair. Crimson.

*Le Mahdi. Steel-blue, very intense color. An award of merit for this variety, August, 1899.

Le Siecle. Rose, white eye; distinct.

Le Soleil. Lovely soft rose-pink, with white center; a charming color; extra fine; 2 feet high.

Marquise de Breteuil. Bright pink, light center; fine; 1½ feet high.

HARDY PERENNIAL PHLOXES, continued

Miss Cook. White, pink eye; early.

Moliere. Salmon-rose, with deep rose eve.

Mrs. Jenkins. Early-flowering white: immense panicles.

Miss Lingard. The best Phlox in cultivation. It produces immense heads of beautiful white flowers in June, and blooms again in September and October. Splendid foliage and habit, and free from attacks of red spider.

Mrs. Miller. Early-flowering; lovely purplish rose.

Mrs. Dunbar. White, with purplish rose eye.

Michael Cervantes. Salmon-rose, with deep rose eve.

Maculata. Bright rosy purple; splendid for naturalizing; will grow in tall grass of meadows or orchards and requires no attention after planting. \$7 per 100, \$60 per 1,000.

N. Smith. Dark crimson.

Obergartner Wetteg. Light rose; center lighter; red eye.

Otto Thalackor. Rosy crimson; dwarf.

Pacha. Deep rose, with brighter eye.

Peach Blossom. Delicate pink, with white markings.

Pearl. Pure white: very late.

Pantheon, Salmon-rose; a splendid variety.

Professor Schlicman. Salmon-rose, with carmine eye.

R. P. Struthers. Brilliant rosy red, with crimson eye.

Regulus. Rose-salmon, with lighter center; large flower; grand habit; extra fine.

Richard Wallace. White, pink eye.

Robt. Werner. White, pink eye.

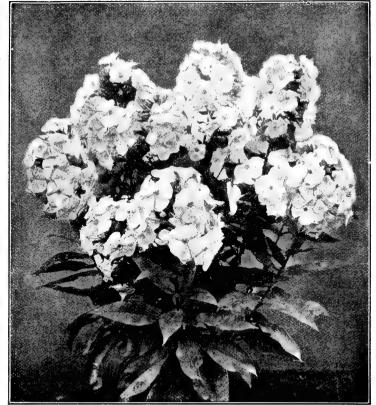
Schlossgartner Reichenauer. Pure white.

Splendens. Brilliant glowing crimson; flower small, but color rich; 2½ feet high.

Sunshine. Salmon-pink; lovely.

Thos. G. Clover. White, with carmine eye.

Van Goethe. Rich salmon-rose: best of its color. 25 cts.



Perennial Phloxes

Springdale Phloxes

The following Phloxes were raised on our own grounds, and we can recommend them as being distinct and fine.

15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

DANSKE DANDRIDGE. Light purple, large, star-shaped white center, sometimes mottled purple and white. Distinct and lovely variety.

CHESWICK. Salmon, bright crimson center.

JEAN. Deep pink, large red bright eye; very distinct.

MARGARET ELLIOTT. White, red center; extra large panicles.

ROSALIE. White, blush center; delicate and distinct.

DEFIANCE. Bright deep red, almost as bright as Coquelicot and of much better habit.

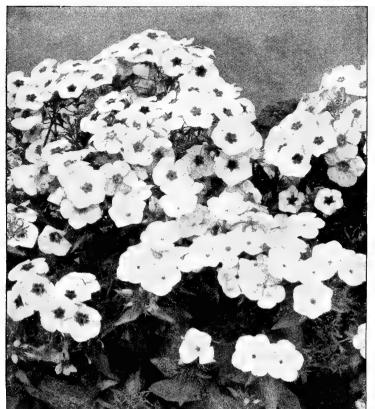
ARTHUR B. STARR. This splendid new variety is a seedling of that grand old sort, Miss Lingard, and appears to have all its good qualities. Vigorous habit, free-flowering and splendid foliage. The color is a beautiful rich purple something like the late variety Le Mahdi.

Mixed Phloxes

Mixed in good named varieties, of which labels have been lost. \$1 per doz., \$6 per 100.

Phlox Divaricata Laphami

Variety of *P. Canadensis*. One of the finest hardy perennials adapted for the rockery, for the border and for naturalizing; remarkably free blooming, forms a somewhat shrubby plant, 18 inches in height, individual flowers much larger than *P. Canadensis*; the heads are larger, and the petals not cleft as in the type. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.



Phlox, Miss Lingard and Independence

German Iris

In the Iris family the German varieties rank second in importance, the magnificent Japanese Iris being first, of course. They bloom profusely early in May, are of the greatest hardiness and easiest culture and should be freely planted in every garden. These planted in every garden. trises are the "Flags" of the old-fashioned gardens. They are most effective when used as edging for a shrubbery or garden border. There are no pure white varieties.

Named Varieties. 15 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz., \$8 per 100, unless otherwise noted.

Mixed Varieties. 10 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz., \$5 per 100.Canary Bird. Pale yellow; lovely.

Florentina. Silvery white; early. Honorable. Yellow, falls brownish maroon.

Madam Chereau. Pearly white, daintily edged with lavender. Viscount de Brabant. Falls dark purple, standards light purple.

Dalmatica. Delicate lavender. Parkmani. Falls purple and white, standards pale yellow.

Fragrans. Lovely white, edged with violet.

Dalmatica "Khedive." Pale blue. Queen of the Gypsies. Standards bronze, falls light purple. La Tendre. Standards light laven-

der, falls bluish purple. Agamemnon. Standards pale lavender, falls white, flecked and

penciled blue. Charlotte Patti. Standards lemonvellow; falls same veined reddish brown; dwarf.

Charles Dickens. Standards blue; falls dark blue.

General Grant. Standards pale lemon; falls purple, striped white.

Gold Bound. Standards yellow, suffused with old gold; falls purple, tipped.

Count de St. Clair. Standards and falls white, with well-defined blue border; grows 3 feet high.

Oroyo. Standards purple; falls purple, penciled white and mauve. Wm. III. Dark violet; very large flower; late and beautiful.

Silver King. Silvery white, lovely.



German Iris

Darius. Large, yellow and lilac.

Hamlet. Standards light bronze; falls dark maroon, reticulated white.

Sappho. Standards pale lavender, falls purple.

Agnes. Standards white; falls purple, edged white. Gluck. Standards white; falls purple.

Japanese Iris

Some years ago a set of Japanese Iris (I. Kampferi) were sent to us from Japan to test, which were said to be identical with the collection in the Royal Gardens. We cannot youch for this statement, as we have never been in Japan, but we have never seen another collection in America or Europe that would equal it in any way. The collection contained many colors and varieties we had never seen before, and the flowers were of remarkable size and beauty. When these Irises were in bloom they excited the greatest admiration and enthusiasm, and it was hard to convince people that these unique and exquisitely beautiful flowers were as hardy as apple trees, and as easily grown as potatoes. They will thrive in any good garden soil but if the soil is made very rich and deep, and flooded with water for a month before and during their blooming season, they will produce flowers of a wonderful size, sometimes 10 to 12 inches across. These Irises should be planted in full exposure to the sun. As the Japanese names are unintelligible and impossible to remember, we have renamed this collection.

Since the above collection was received we have annually added to it the newest varieties from Japan and new varieties selected from thousand of seedlings grown on our own grounds, until we now have what is unquestionably the finest and most complete collection of

Japanese Iris in the world.

PRICES OF JAPANESE IRIS

Named varieties, described below, 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz., \$6.50 for 25, \$20 per 100, except where noted. Americangrown, fine mixed, \$1.25 per doz., \$6 per 100, \$50 per 1,000

Alice Kiernan. Single. White, suffused with pale blue; center white, edged blue; extra large and fine; loveliest variety in cultivation. 50 cts.

Allegheny. Double. Pale lavender, striped white; late. 50 cts.

Amoret. Double. Blue, blotched and mottled with dark blue and reddish plum, yellow bar at base; late.

Angelo. Double. Bluish purple, center of petals white, with yellow band at base

Apollyon. Double. Reddish plum, striped white, base of petals yellow; large and fine.

Bessemer. Double. Bright blue; distinct.

Blue Flag. Double. Indigo-blue, base of petals yellow; the last variety to bloom. \$10 per 100.

Esmeralda. Single. Magenta, penciled white, center white.

Gigantea. Double. Bluish purple, lightly striped white; vigorous grower and free bloomer. The earliest-flowering variety in the

collection. \$10 per 100.

Glow. Double. Velvety maroon; large. 50 cts.

Heart of Gold. Double. Extra large white flowers, yellow center. Hermione. Single. White, maroon center, petals penciled with blue.

JAPANESE IRIS, continued

Ida. Reddish plum, rich and velvety; narrow yellow band on base of petals.

James F. Parker. Double. Rich dark blue, yellow center; large and fine.

Mont Blanc. Double. Pure white; large and fine. One of the finest of the white varieties.

Moonlight. Double. White flower, with yellow center. Rich and dainty in effect.

Queen of the Whites. Double. White; vigorous grower. Romola. Single. Lilae, striped with plum; plum center.

Rosalind. Double. Light purple, freely striped with

Snowdrift. Single. Pure white.

Springdale. Single. Bluish purple, slightly striped white.

W. J. Buttfield. Double. Center of petals white, heavily margined with magenta; vigorous grower. \$10 per 100.

Wm. A. Procter. Double. Dark blue, slightly striped white; yellow center.

Wm. F. Dreer. Double. White, penciled with lavender. Yokohama. Double. Reddish purple; base of petals yellow; large and fine; late.

Iris pumila

These beautiful little Irises do not grow over 4 inches high, and bloom in April and May. We offer six sorts—blue bronze, white, indigo-blue, dark blue, deep yellow, and in mixed varieties. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$6 per 100.

Herbaceous Peonies

It gives us great pleasure to see the increasing popularity of Peonies, for there is nothing more deserving, and when the merit and beauty of the newer varieties are known every garden will contain a large collection. Like the Irishman's whiskey, all varieties of Peonies are good, even the commonest old-fashioned sorts, but there is no language to describe the glorious beauty of the finest of the newer varieties. In no other flower has there been such a marked improvement, and they actually surpass the finest rose in size, form and coloring, and their ease of cluture and extreme hardiness are too well known to enlarge upon. Always having a keen appreciation of these superb flowers, we have for years collected all the varieties obtainable in the world, and now have the largest collection of varieties and the most extensive stock in America. Peonies planted in August or September will bloom the following season. Of many varieties offered in the following list, we can supply large undivided clumps at from three to five times the prices quoted—prices depending

upon how many salable plants the clumps would make if divided. By planting these undivided clumps a fine display of flowers can be had next season. Price-list of undivided clumps sent on application.

Tree Peonies

 Each Named Varieties. 2 years old.
 Each \$150 or \$150 or \$150 or \$10 or \$100 or \$1000 or \$1000 or \$100 or \$1000 or \$1

Tree Peonies are for the enthusiast. For the man who is willing to take extra pains to have something rare and beautiful, and if he succeeds with these lovely things he is sure that he has flowers that will never become commonplace. Tree Peonies do not die to the ground every year and eventually make quite large bushes.

Japanese Peonies

Each	Per	doz.	10	0
Double and Semi-Double. Fine varieties. These				
are really very choice and distinct from va-				
rieties grown in this country, and will give				
the greatest satisfaction\$0 60	\$6	00	\$45	00
Single. Fine varieties. The finest Single Peo-				
nies undoubtedly come from Japan. They are				
equal or superior to single sorts coming from				
Europe costing three times as much 70	7	50	55	00



Group of Japan Iris

Choice Named Peonies

Choice Named Leonies		
		Per doz.
Agida. Brilliant red; very free-flowering\$0	35	\$ 3 50
Atrosanguinea. Deep, full, broad bloom; brilliant car-	-	
mine; fine	75	8 00
Arthemise. Large flowers; lovely soft rose and salmon; very beautiful	00	
Anemonaeflora rosea. Glossy pink, soft striped with golden yellow	40	4 00
Asa Gray. Large, full flower, imbricated, beautiful, form carnation-salmon, powdered with carmine-lilac. One of the best	50	
Avalanche. Large flowers of perfect shape, milk-white, creamy center with a few carmine stripes; late and very free-flowering, splendid habit. A variety of great distinction and beauty	2 50	
Alexander Dumas. Large blooms, in clusters; very full, brilliant pink, interspersed with chamois, white and salmon	50	5 00
Boule de Neige. Large, cup-shaped flower of perfect shape; white, lightly sulphured, center bordered with bright carmine; extra fine	. 50	
Beranger. Large, cup-shaped imbricated flower; mauve, shaded pink; late variety	75	



Border of Herbaceous Peonies

CHOICE NAMED PEONIES, continued	a ab	Per d	0.0
Baron Rothschild. Grand petals; silvery rose, center		reru	UZ.
purplish lilac\$0		\$4	
Buyckii. Beautiful rose	30	3	00
Charles Toche. Large, globular flowers; clear purple,			
with carmine reflex, golden stamens. Very elegant	00		
variety	00		
flower, yellow reflex with stripes of carmine and gol-			
den stamens; extra fine. One of the very best	60	7	00
Curiosity. Large petals of clear violet-red, those of the			
center transformed into golden ligules; very distinct		_	
and pretty variety	50	5	00
Charlemagne. Large, creamy white, shaded chamois	75		
Canari. Guard petals fleshy white, yellow center; an			
extra-fine variety	75		
Candidissima. Beautiful anemone-formed flowers; very full, clear sulphur-yellow with green heart. Extra fine.	60	6	00
Charles Verdier. Large lilac-carmine flower, slate-colored	00	U	00
reflex	40	4	00
Claire Dubois. Large globular flowers, very full, most			
beautiful pink, glossy reflex. Very fine 2	00		
Doyene D'Enghien. Rose-violet, very dark, prettily			
veined	35	3	50
Descartes. Very large flower; brilliant clear amaranth	50	5	00
Dr. Bretonneau (Verdier). Large, globular flower; large			
rose petals and clear white; beautiful	40	4	00
Duchesse de Nemours (Calot). Very beautiful cupshaped flower sulphur-white with greenish reflex;			
pretty bud; extra fine	75	8	00
Dugueslin. Rosy carmine.	40		00
Dorchester. Cream-color, tinged pink; very double;	10	-	
fragrant	00		
Delachii. Large, cup-shaped flower, deep amaranth	35	3	50
Duchesse d'Orleans. Large flower, fine carmined pink			
center, soft pink and salmon	35	3	50
Edulis superba. Very large flowers of perfect shape; beautiful brilliant tinted violet, mixed with whitish			
beautiful brilliant tinted violet, mixed with whitish	25	9	50
ligules; silver reflex	35	3	OU

	Ea	ıch	Per c	oz.
Eugene Verdier. Heavy globe-shaped flowers of a soft	. 4	00	010	00
beautiful pink color; extra fine	1	UU	\$10	00
Edouard Andre. Large globular flower. Deep crimson- red shaded black, with metallic reflex, stamens golden				
yellow, magnificent coloring, producing a grand effect	1	50		
	1	00	10	00
Festiva. Dwarf; pure white, center carmine-spotted	1	30		00
Festiva maxima. Very large, pure white flowers, with		00	0	00
some blood-red stains in center; tall stalks, beautifui				
foliage, and very free-flowering. One of the very best				
white Peonies in cultivation		75	8	00
SMALL PLANTS		30	3	00
	2	00		
F. B. Hayes. Enormous globe-shaped, soft pink flowers.	2	50		
Floral Treasure. Soft rose; ligules buff, with tufts of	-	00		
rose petals in center; distinct and fine; fragrant		75	8	00
Fulgida. Violet-purple, red		50	_	00
Formosa. Pretty convex flower, yellowish white; bright		00	J	00
red stigmas		30	3	00
Faust. Anemone-flowered, guard petals, soft lilac cen-		00	0	00
ter; flesh shaded chamois		30	3	00
Golden Harvest. Nearest approach to yellow		75	8	00
General Cavaignac. Lovely lilac-pink, shaded clearer		•		-
pink		60		
Gloire de Charles Gombault. Pretty globular flower, extra				
full; deep fleshy pink collar, center petals salmoned				
clear fleshy color, shaded apricot with tuft of petals				
pink striped with carmine; multi-color variety of				
	1	00		
Georges Curvier. Purplish lilac, silvery border		30	3	00
General Bertrand. Guard petals violaceous pink; center				
shaded salmon		35	3	50
Humei rosea. A splendid old sort, with deep rose-flow-				
ers; one of the latest to bloom		30	3	00
Jeanne d'Arc. Large flowers of soft rose, sulphur-white				
and lively rose, center stained carmine, lovely flesh				
coloring	1	00	10	00

CHOICE NAMED DEONIES continued		
CHOICE NAMED PEONIES, continued E. Jupiter. Deep purple\$0	ach Po	er doz. \$4 00
La Tulipe. Very large, globular flower; rosy white	40 (φ τ 00
center, striped deep carmine, outside of the flower		
lively carmine; extra fine	75	8 00
Louis Van Houtte. Large flower of lively violet-red;	60	6 00
very brilliant; a beautiful variety Lutea Variegata. Fleshy white shaded yellow	60 35	3 50
La Rosiere. Imbricated petals, straw-yellow center, yel-	00	0 00
lowish white border; similar to a tea rose	60	6 00
La Fayette. Large imbricated flower, fringed petals,		
	00 50	5 00
Lady Leonora Bramwell. Silvery rose; fragrant L'Eclatante. Carmine; very beautiful	50	5 00
L'Esperance. Rose, striped carmine; unique coloring.	60	6 00
Lutetiana. Light rose and salmon	40	4 00
Marie Lemoine (Lemoine). Extra large, free-flowering,		
ivory-white	75	
M. Charles Leveque. Soft rose-color going over to sal- mon-pink in center; one of the loveliest Peonies ever		
offered	50	
Mme. Calot. Large, peony-shaped flower; very double;		
carnation-white, tinted yellow	50	5 00
Mme. Chaumy. Large flowers in clusters; rose-shaded,		
large silvery border; very late variety	75	
Mme. de Verneville. Very pretty anemone flower, very		
full; collar of large petals, those of the center very		
close; carnation-white and sulphur, sometimes carmine; extra	75	8 00
Mme. de Vatry. Very large flower of per- Each Per doz.	10	0 00
fect shape; color clear carnation; sul-		
phur-white center with carmine stripes;	-3/8	
extra fine variety\$1 00	4	
Madame Montot. Large flower, broad		
petals; bright cherry-carmine with silvery reflex on the border		
very reflex on the border		
late variety		
Madame Schmidt. Beautiful flower, soft		A die
pink 50 5 00	(3)	
Madame Furtado. Guard petals bright	4	
violet-pink, bright salmon-pink center. 40 4 00 Modeste Guerin. Broad flower; outside		
rose, center pink		diff
Madame Barrillet-Deschamps. Very ten-		f.
der pink, bordered white, shaded with		
lively silvery tints; vigorous grower;		100
lovely variety		
Maxima rosea. Large pink flower 25 2 50 Marguerite Gerard. Lovely light pink;	2	
one of the most exquisitely beautiful		
Peonies in cultivation 3 00	-	
Mlle. Leonie Calot. Soft salmon-flesh, occa-	,	
sionally petal tipped carmine; fragrant. 1 00		
Meissonier. Large flower, brilliant purple	į.	
amaranth		
Magnifica. White, center yellowish 25 2 50 Madame Bucquet. Velvety black ama-	W	
ranth, coloring very dark and rich 1 00 10 00	. Jane	
Ne Plus Ultra. Very large flower of good		
shape, fresh and lively pink 60 6 00		
Nivea plenissima. Yellowish white, stained	4	
carmine; dwarf plant 1 00 10 00		
Noemie. White, shaded flesh, very fresh		
coloring		
Nivalis. Large full flower, guard petals,	1.00	
fleshy pink, those of the center shaded yellow and chamois		
30 8 50		

Officinalis. Single; white			Per d	loz. 00
Officinalis alba (Old Double White). Blush-white; early				
flowering		35	3	50
Officinalis rosea (Old Double Rose). Rich bright shining				
rose; very early		35	3	50
Old Double Crimson. This fine old Peony is very effective	е			
when planted in masses; one of the earliest to bloom.				
Per 100, \$20		30	3	00
Octave Demay. Very large flowers; very delicate pink				
with narrow collar of ribbon-like white petals, center				
deeper flesh with occasional purple petaloids. Fra				
grant and good keeper; dwarf and distinct		50		*
Perfection (Richardson). Light pink, fading to flesh				
fine and fragrant		25		
Philomele. Soft satiny rose-color, center composed of	2			
saffron-yellow ligules tufted lively red; an elegant	,			
flower of remarkable freshness		00	10	00
Prince de Salm Dyck. Lovely lilac, chamois center				
tufted lilactufted lilac		50	5	00
Princess Galitzen. Soft carnation, very narrow center				
petals of sulphur-yellow; fine	1	00		
Purpurea superba. Large flower, violet and red; very	,			
beautiful		40	4	00
Petite Renee. Very large flowers in clusters; clear car				
mined purple, central petals very narrow, clear car-				
mine striped white, golden extremities, yellow back- ground. Very striking variety and very showy; extra				
fine		50		
Preciosa nova. Yellowish white, washed with bright car		50		
mine		40	4	00
***************************************			-	-00



Single Peonies

CHOICE NAMED PEONIES, continued	Each
Rubra superba (Richardson). Grand globe-shaped flower; purplish crimson; very late. One of the finest reds in cultivation\$1 00 \$10 00	Ilion. White guard petals and white narrow center petals\$\text{90}\$ 75 Joan Seaton. Double, bright cherry-rose, each petal edged with a lighter color; rose-shaped flowers, showing anthers amongst the petals; nicely scented. Certificate of merit, R. B. S.,
Rubra Triumphans. Crimson-purple	1897 3 00
Rosea grandiflora. Rose; large fine flower	Lady Beresford. The petals are tipped with carmine; very sweet.
Reine Victoria. Carnation-white, center clear yellow, red	"A large-flowered variety of soft blush-pink shade, delicate
stamens	and beautiful; a very fine-habited strong plant."—The Garden
Rose d'Amour. Large flower of very soft carnation-pink;	"Lady Beresford is a huge white flower, with a tinge of buff at
very fresh color; fine 1 50	the base of the broad, soft segments; a magnificent bloom."—
Rubra Plena. Large globular flower, very bright crimson 50 5 00	Gardeners' Magazine. Award of merit, R. H. S 3 00
Solfaterre. Collar of large, pure white petals, those of	Lady Carrington. Flesh; very fine, sweet-smelling. First-class
the center narrow and sulphur-yellow. One of the	certificate, R. H. S
best Peonies	Lady Gwendolin Cecil. A very delicate lavender-flesh; a beauti-
Souvenir de l'Exposition du Mans. Large flower; beau-	ful flower; late-flowering. First-class certificate, R. B. S 3 00
tiful lively violet-red, with brilliant silvery reflex; extra fine	Langport Queen. Of a beautiful rosy blush color, suffused with
Sara Bernhardt. Large flowers of fine effect; corolla of	pink; very fine
large petals, lively violet-rose, center salmon	Leonard Kelway. Pink guard petals, enclosing a convex cushion of cream-colored petals finished off by a pink crest. First-class
Sulphurea. White, shaded with light sulphur. Very	certificate, 1900
chaste	Limosel. Very bright, clear light lilac-rose; very large flower; full
Tenuifolia. Same as following variety, but with beauti-	double, with a broad guard petal and narrower petals in the
ful single flowers	center; sweet-scented. Certificate of merit, R. B. S., 1897 1 00
Tenuifolia flore pleno. Deeply cut, fringe-like foliage;	Lottie Collins. Deep purple; early-flowering. Award of merit,
flowers bright scarlet-crimson; rare and fine 50 5 00	R. H. S 1 00
Triomphe de l'Exposition de Lille. Large, imbricated	Lyde. Rose-color center, tinted pink; distinct and extra fine.
flower; soft carnation-pink, with white reflex; car-	First-class certificate, R. H. S
mine center; very fresh coloring. One of the best 1 00 10 00	Miss Brice. Rose guard petals, yellow and rose petaloids, rose
Triomphe du Nord. Violet-rose, lilac shade	tuft. First-class certificate, R. H. S
Triumphans Gandavensis. Large flower, pinkish white, shaded chamois; good habit	Miss Salway. White guard petals, sulphur center; very fine. First-class certificate, R. H. S., and certificate of merit,
Van Dyck. Fresh salmon-rose, with lighter center; large	R. B. S
convex flower. Very striking	Mrs. Stubbs. Delicate flesh-colored guard petals, with a white
Victoria Modeste. Large flowers of violet-rose, center	center; a very beautiful flower; fragrant
petals marked with large salmon lines	Moonbeam. Large white, tufted in the center. Award of merit,
Victoire de l'Alma. Large flower of perfect form, pur-	R. H. S
plish violet-scarlet, silvery reflex; extra	Mr. Manning. Deep glowing crimson. Certificate of merit, R. B. S
dered carmine; very pretty flower	R. B. S
Virginie. Large flower, pink, tinted lilac, very fresh	sweetly scented; extra good
coloring; late	Olivia. A lovely flower with broad white guard petals and a sul-
Whitleyi. White; large and sweet	phur-colored center
Zoe Calot. Very large flower, globular very full, soft pink, shaded lilac; extra fine	Paderewski, Bright pink, very sweet-smelling. First-class certi-
pink, shaded mae, extra mie	ficate, R. B. S
V -1 Di	Prince of Wales. Soft lilac-rose; very large flower. First-class
Kelway Peonies	certificate, R. B. S
Kelway & Son are the most famous of the English Peony-growers.	Summer Day. Creamy white. Certificate of merit, R. B. S 1 00
The following is a selection of their best varieties:	Sir T. J. Lipton. Large flower, with golden stamens appearing
Agnes Mary Kelway. Light rose guard petals, yellow petaloides,	in the center of bright rosy crimson petals. "A huge double,
with a rose tuft; extra fine. First class certificate, R. B. S \$0-75	bright rosy carmine flower of great merit."—Gardening World Certificate of merit, R. B. S., 1897
Arimus. Purple-crimson, showing golden anthers	Certificate of merro, it. B. S., 1987.
Baroness Schroeder. Lovely flesh-pink. First-class certificate,	Single Peonies
R. B. S	
Cavalleria Rusticana. Very full, dark purple-crimson. First-	Amiable. Cherry-rose, large flower. First-class certificate, R. B. S
class certificate, R. B. S	Argus. Bright rose
Duchess of Teck. An excellent variety; large and of good form;	Bacchus. Deep crimson
attractively-colored, creamy white and bright pink. First-	Fairy. Rosy white
class certificate, R. B. S. Award of merit, R. H. S 2 00	Pride. Rich crimson; a most striking flower
Duke of Cambridge. A very handsome bright crimson flower; a superb variety; the very best of its color	The Czar. Deep purple-crimson
Duke of Clarence. Cream, slightly flushed pink. First-class cer-	Jura. White, margined rose. 1 25 Queen of May. French white. 1 00
tificate, R. B. S	Queen of may. French winde
Glory of Somerset. Soft pink, large, beautiful. First-class cer-	Peony Clumps
tificate, R. H. S	
Helena. White, inner petals tipped yellow. First-class certificate, R. B. S	We can supply large undivided clumps of many varieties of Peonies. Typewritten price-list of these will be sent on request.
tate, n. b. S 1 00	Type with our price-its of office will be sette our reduces.

Special Offer of Peony Festiva Maxima

Of this glorious white Peony we now have a stock of over ten thousand plants, and to induce people to plant it in quantity we have decided to offer it at a specially low price. It is the most satisfactory Peony in cultivation, and can not be surpassed either for cut-flowers or for decorative effect in the garden. Very large, pure white flower, with a few blood-red stains in the center; tall stalks, beautiful foliage and very free-flowering. Strong undivided clumps, \$2 each, \$20 per 100; 25 at the 100 rate. Strong flowering plants, 75 cts. each, \$8 per doz., \$50 per 100; 25 supplied at the 100 rate. Small plants, 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz., \$20 per 100.

Special Offer of Ornamental Flowering Shrubs

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We want to encourage the planting of shrubs. To be effective they should be planted in masses, but when dealers or nurserymen ask fifty cents each for easily grown shrubs there is not much encouragement to plant them freely. We have made arrangements by which we can supply our customers with well-grown shrubs in the best varieties at the extremely low prices quoted below, but in every instance the selection of varieties must be left to us; however, in ordering, if it is stated that certain shrubs are not wanted they will not be sent. We guarantee these shrubs to be satisfactory in both quality and variety.

SPECIAL OFFER A.—50 shrubs in fine assortment of 15 varieties, \$7.

SPECIAL OFFER B.—100 shrubs in fine assortment of 20 varieties, \$12.

OUR GENERAL CATALOGUE, containing full descriptive price-list of Trees, Shrubs, Hardy Plants, Roses, Rhododendrons, Azaleas, and everything desirable for the Lawn or Garden, will be sent free on request

Special Offers of Hardy Plants in Variety

The plants in the following collections will be of the best and most desirable varieties and the plants of the best quality, but in every instance the selection of varieties is to be made by us; but if purchasers will state the things they have, or don't wish, these will not be included in the selection. Sometimes people write asking for a list of the plants contained in these collections. This can not be given, so please save us the unpleasantness of refusing by not asking for it.

Offer	No. 1	of Hardy Plants.	Twenty-five first-class	plants in	variety	for		<i>.</i>	 	 		 \$2	5
Offer	No. 2	of Hardy Plants.	Fifty first-class plants	in variety	for				 	 	<i>.</i> .	 4	. 0
			One hundred first-class										
			rdy Plants, same as abo										0
Offer	No. 5.	One thousand Ha	rdv Plants same as ab	ove but i	n much	larger vari	etv. for					55	Ò

Low Prices for Hydrangeas

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Prices good until stock is exhausted. Fall or spring delivery. No more popular plant or shrub has ever been sent out than Hydrangea paniculata grandiflora, and we take great pleasure in offering our customers a large stock of splendid vigorous plants at such extremely low prices that it will enable them to plant this effective shrub in quantity. People who have only seen this Hydrangea grown singly as specimens have no conception of how beautiful and effective it is when planted in masses. They are planted in this way at Newport, R. I., which is famous for its fine gardens, and almost as famous for its Hydrangeas. These Hydrangeas can be planted in connection with other shrubbery or in isolated beds, in the same manner as cannas, caladiums or other strong-growing bedding plants. They are perfectly hardy, and once planted they are a permanent addition to the lawn or garden. When grown in beds or groups they should be planted about 2 feet apart in very rich soil, which should be liberally enriched annually with rotten stable manure, and in the early spring, before they commence to grow, cut back so as to leave only 2 or 3 inches of the new growth of the previous season; if extremely large flowers are desired, cut out some of the weakest shoots after growth has commenced. Treated in this manner they will produce enormous panicles of flowers, and the beds will be a solid mass of bloom. They bloom profusely the same season planted. Try them. You will find them more than

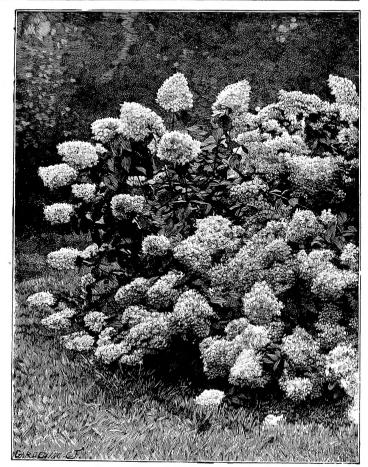
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Paniculata grandiflora. 18 to 24 inches. \$3 50 \$6 50 \$12 00

Paniculata grandiflora. 2 to 3 feet; extra

large and bushy 5 00 8 60 15 00

All of the above will bloom the first year, and are superior to the stock commonly retailed at 25 cts. to \$1 each. It is suggested that when smaller quantities are wanted two or three club together in ordering. For prices on smaller quantities, see list of Hardy Shrubs.



Group of Hardy Hydrangeas on lawn

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